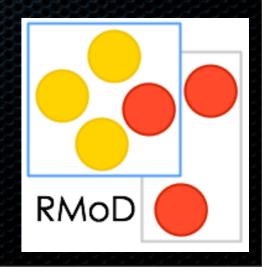
# Software Evolution: a Maintenance Perspective S. Ducasse

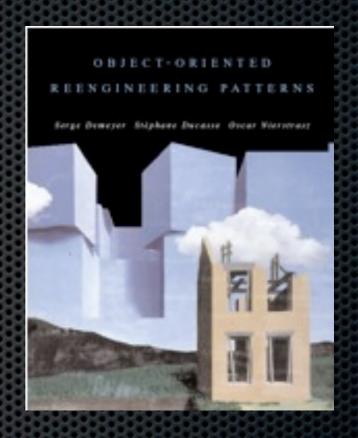
http://rmod.lille.inria.fr







- http://stephane.ducasse.free.fr
- Co-creator of Moose
- Co-founder of http://www.synectique.eu
- Core <a href="http://www.pharo-project.org">http://www.pharo-project.org</a> developer
- Coder and designer



#### **RMOD Challenges**

How can we build evolvable software?

- systems that runs 24h 7/7
- in my system some objects were born in 1980 and migrated since then, how can we make this the default?

How can we build dynamic but safer?

- Need for reflective and dynamic systems
- Can we make them safer?



#### Two faces of the same coin

How to help maintaining large systems?

we design meta analyses & tools (to invent new tools and analyses;))

What is the language runtime infrastructure to support evolution?

we are rethinking dynamic language fundamentals Mixing OSes and languages



#### Axis 2- Past: Dynamic Language Infrastructure

La perfection est atteinte, non pas lorsqu'il n'y a plus rien à ajouter, mais lorsqu'il n'y a plus rien à retirer. St-Exupery

#### Some Topics

Classboxes: Modules for open-classes [OOPSLA'05]

OOPAL: OOP + APL Generalizing message passing [OOPSLA'03]

Encapsulation for dynamic languages [ECOOP '04, OOPSLA'04]

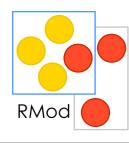
Reusable behavior: Traits [ECOOP'03, OOPSLA'03, Toplas, ..., OOPSLA'07]

#### **Impacts**

Traits used by

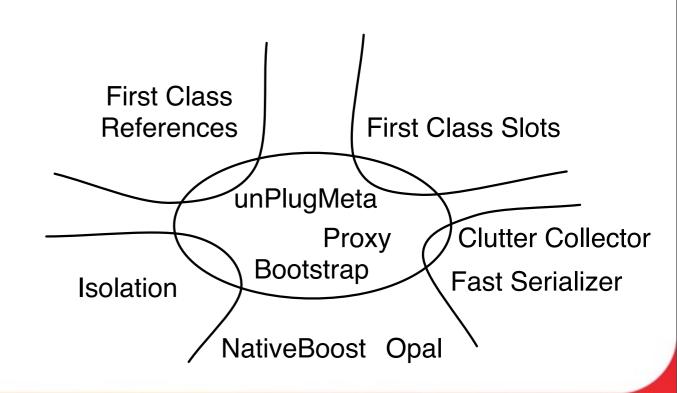
Perl-6, PHP 5.4, Squeak/Pharo, Dr-Scheme variant Fortress (SUN Microsystems), Scala (EPFL), Multiple type systems (Drossopoulos, Reppy, Liquori, Bono...)



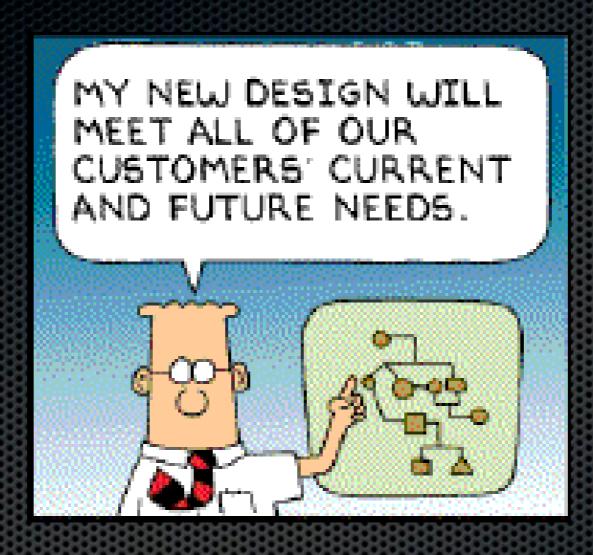


#### Infrastructure for Safer Reflective Systems

- Unpluggable reflection
- Isolation
- Fast serializers
- First class references
- Clutter collector (memory)

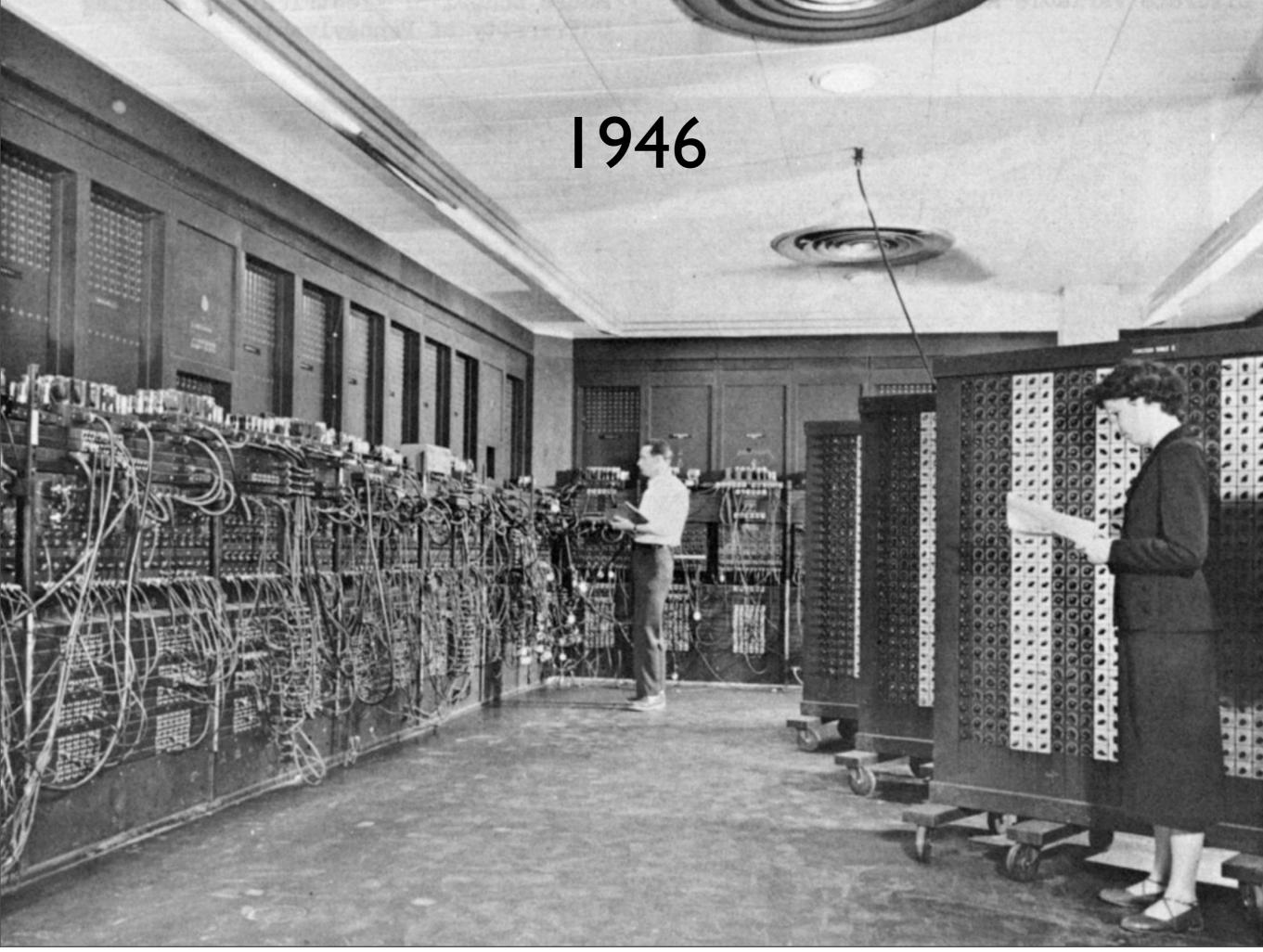






# Software is

# Complex



# 1'000'000 lines of code

```
* 2s = 2'000'000 seconds

/ 3600 = 560 hours

/ 8 = 70 days

/ 20 = 3 months
```

### Facts

- Cobol > 60% world software
- 70% of business applications
- Applications cobol handle 85%
- Cobol grows of 5 billions lines of code per year [eWeeks, 2001]

# Counting a bit

- 1 sheet ~ 60 lines of code
- Two sides ~ 120 loc

# Windows NT 3.1 (1993)

3.75m

■ 4 à 5 MLOC

3.2m

Encyclopedia Britanica (15 ed., 32 volumes)

# Windows server 2003 50 MLOC

41.m

46 m



### Business Relevance

- 1990 → 120 billions LOC in maintenance (Ulrich, 1990) 100 km height:)
- 2000 → 250 billions LOC in maintenance (Sommerville, 2000)
- Maintained code double every 7 years (Müller et al., 1994)

# What? It still exist?

- Advanced languages (OO, AOP)
- Modern Processes (RUP, Agiles)
- Quality (CMMi)
- New Development (MDE, SOA)

### One upon a time

 Un marchand de moules construit un magasin à Dunkerque ...



Les affaires marchent bien



Vraiment bien



Les employés veulent un restaurant



• Les directeurs, une terrasse



• La loi impose une sortie de secours



• La concurrence offre des *goodies* aux clients, l'entreprise ... une piscine !



• etc ...



# Laws of software evolution

#### Continuing change

A program that is used in a real-world environment must change, or become progressively less useful in that environment.

#### Increasing complexity

As a program evolves, it becomes more complex, and extra resources are needed to preserve and simplify its structure.

# Software is a living entity...

- Early decisions were certainly good at that time
- But the context changes
- Customers change
- Technology changes
- People change



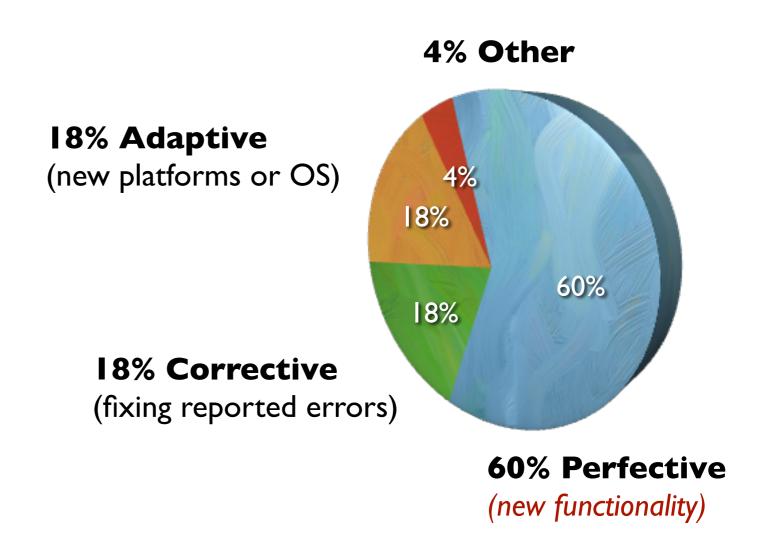


# We only maintain useful successful software

Maintenance is controlled by external factors (Success, laws, people...) and not driven by software

# Maintenance is continuous Development





"Maintenance"

#### **RMOD**

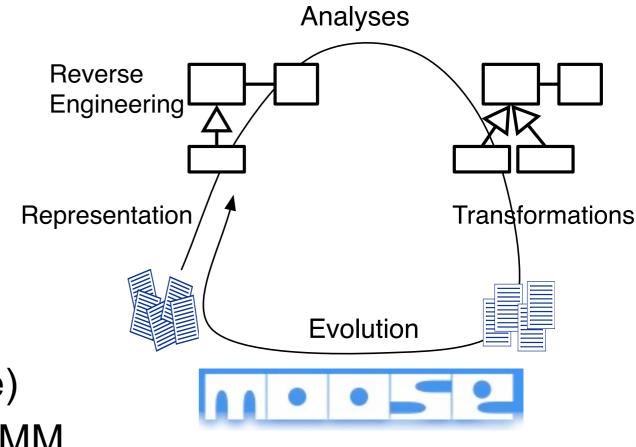
**RMoD**: code analysis, metamodeling, software metrics, program understanding, program visualization, evolution analysis, refactorings, legacy code, quality, ...

#### **Current focus**

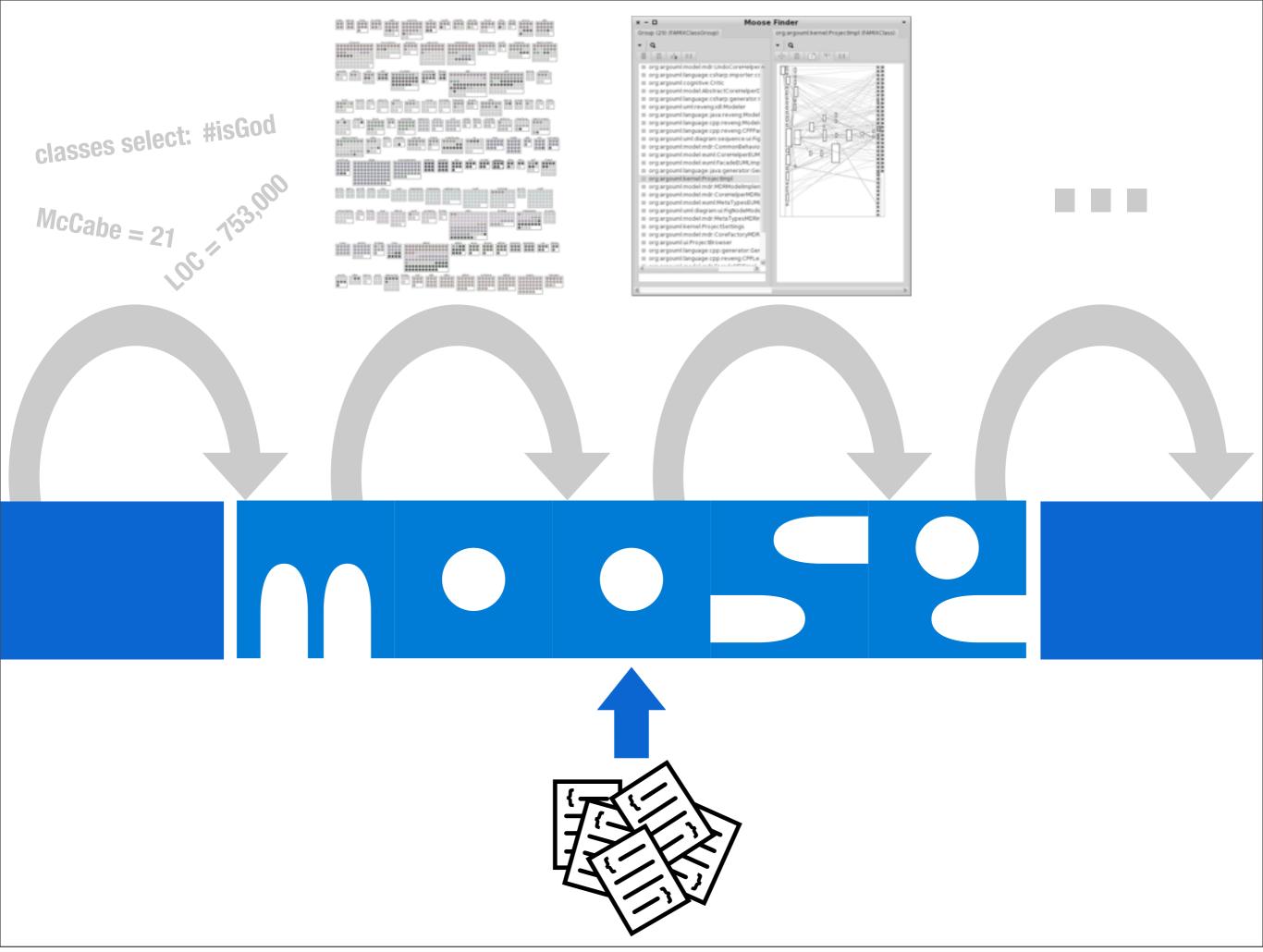
Remodularization analyses
Quality models (PSA-Airfrance) **Towards semantic merge**Rule and bug assessment

#### **Collaborations**

Soft-VUB (Belgium), Pleiad (Chile) UFMG (Brazil), SCG (Swiss), LIRMM







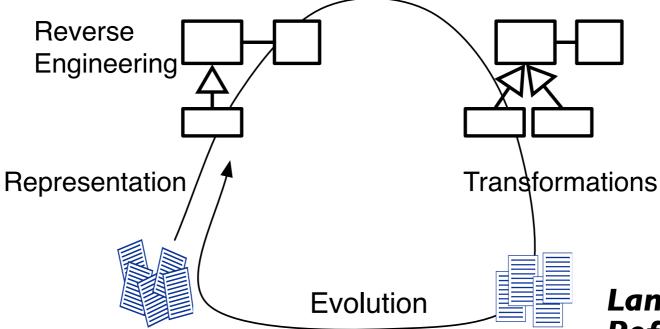


Understanding Large Systems
Static/Dynamic Information
Feature Analysis
Class Understanding
Package Blueprints

Reverse

Distribution Maps

Software Metrics
Quality Models
Duplicated Code Identification
Test Generation
Code Pattern Identification
Cycle and Layer Identification
Merging technics



Analyses

Language Independent Refactorings

Language Independent Meta Model (FAMIX) An Extensible Reengineering Environment



Reengineering Patterns Version Analyses HISMO metamodel













One picture is worth one thousand

words

Which one?

How could it be that simple?



#### Program visualization is difficult

Limited number of colors: 12

Blur and color emergence

Limited screen size

Limited context, edges crossing

Limited short-term memory (three to nine)

Difficult to remember too many symbols/semantics

Culture, Colorblind



## How many 5?

3332123466509000096766689877835367 7866760910919818971746433039821768 34467865860880221167687687789762

## How many 5?

3332123466509000096766689877835367 7866760910919818971746433039821768 34467865860880221167687687789762

#### Preattentive attributes

#### Color intensity

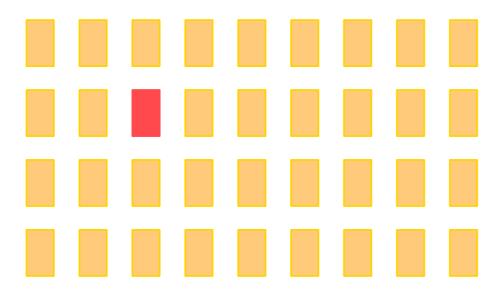
Form: orientation, line length, line width, size, shape, added marks, enclosure

Spatial position (2D location)

Motion (flicker)

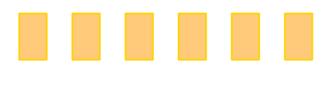
Tudor Gîrba

## Color / intensity



Tudor Gîrba

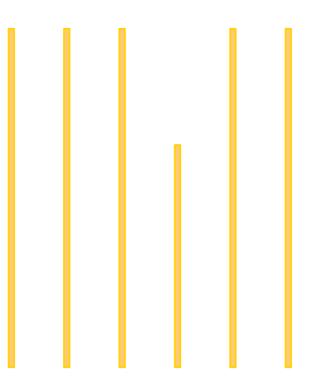
#### Position



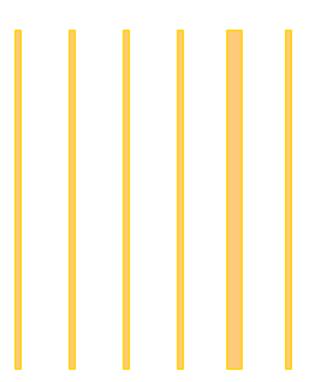
#### Form / Orientation



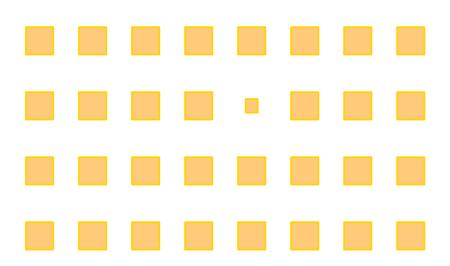
## Form / Line length



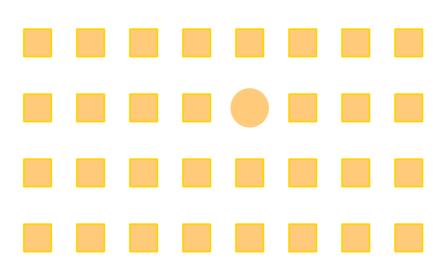
#### Form / Line width



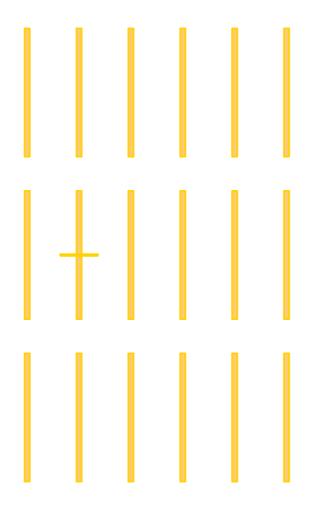
#### Form / Size



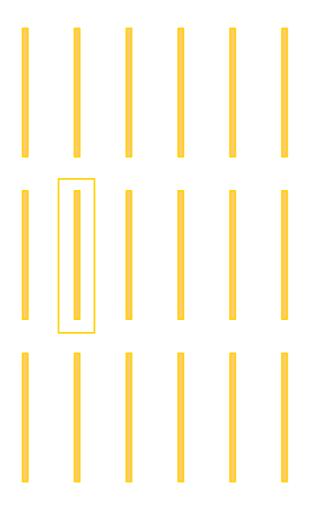
## Form / Shapes



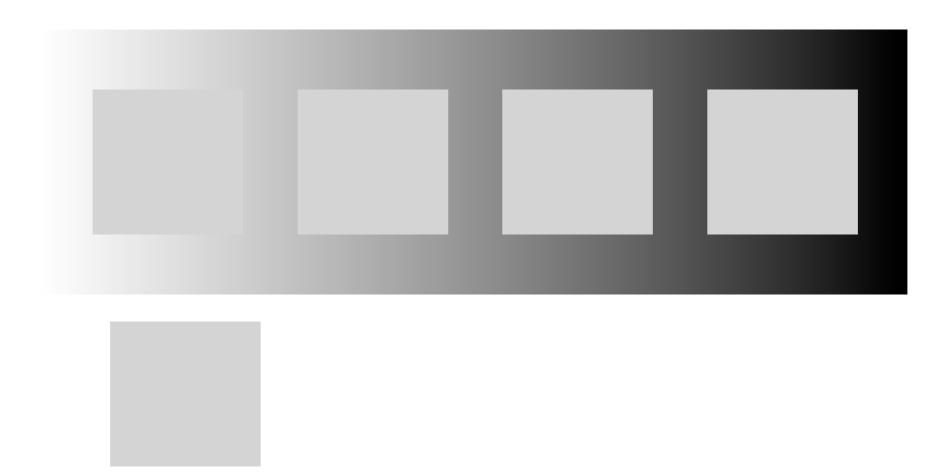
#### Form / Added marks



#### Form / Enclosure



#### Context



# Gestalt Principles of Visual Perception

Back in 1912, from the Gestalt School of psychology

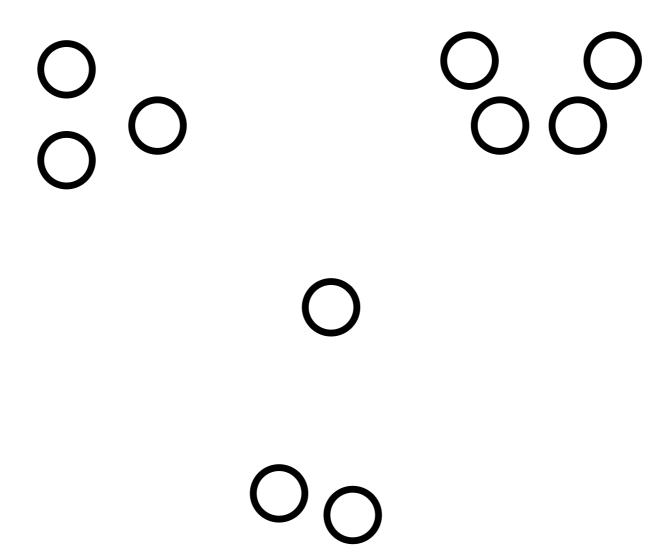
Still stand today

Gestalt means patterns

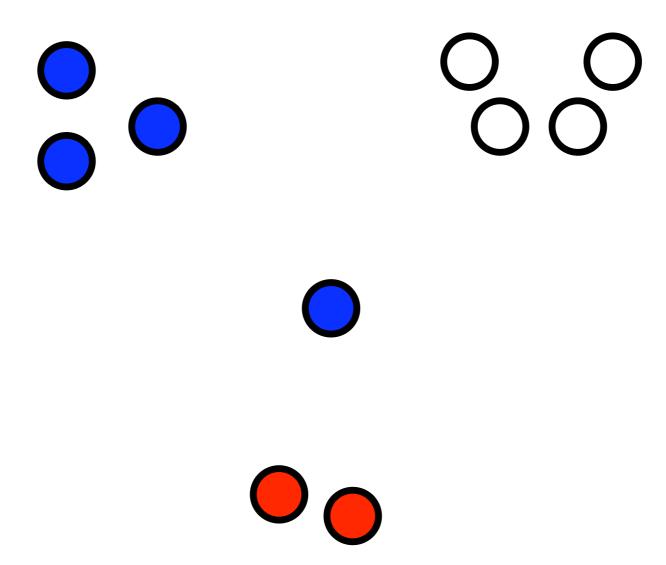
How do we perceive pattern, form, and organization?

Tudor Gîrba

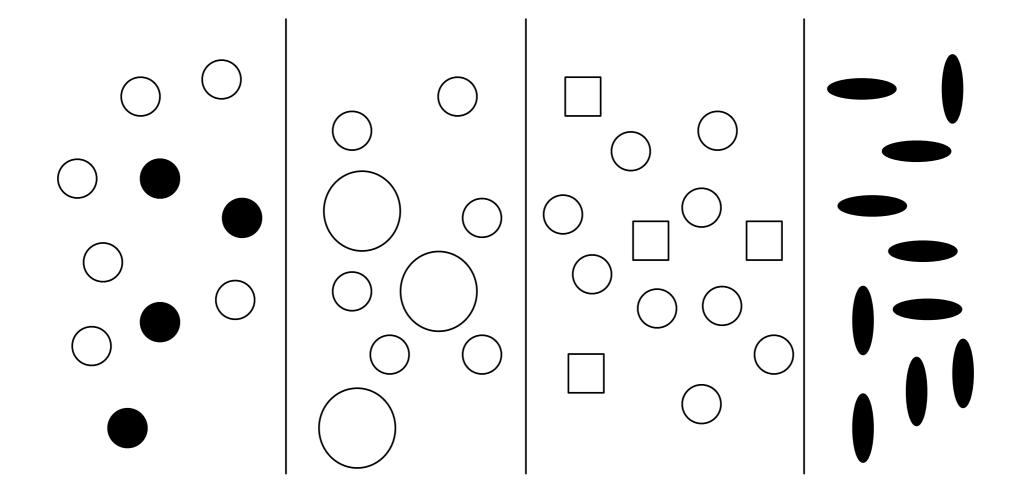
## Principle of Proximity



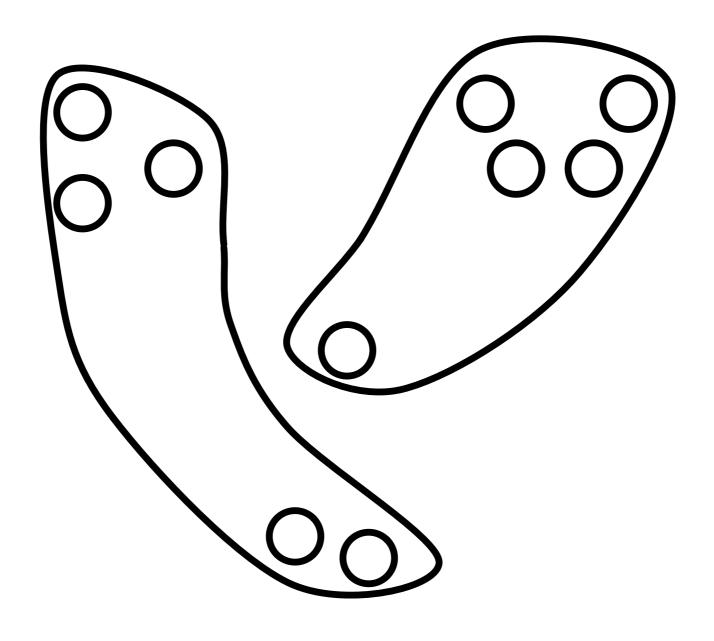
## Principle of Similarity



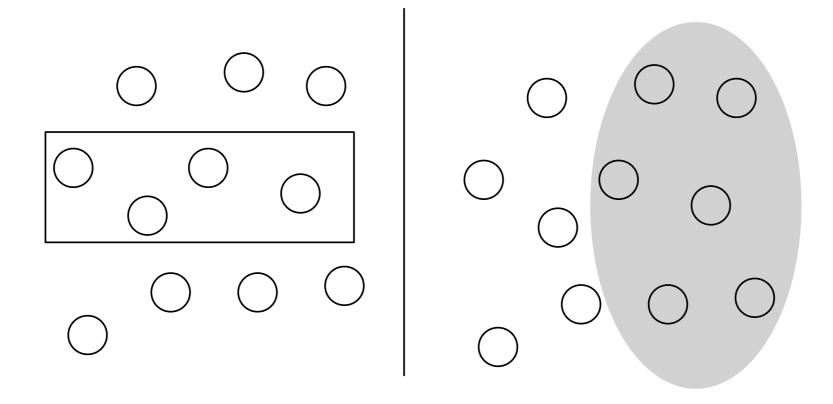
## Principle of Similarity



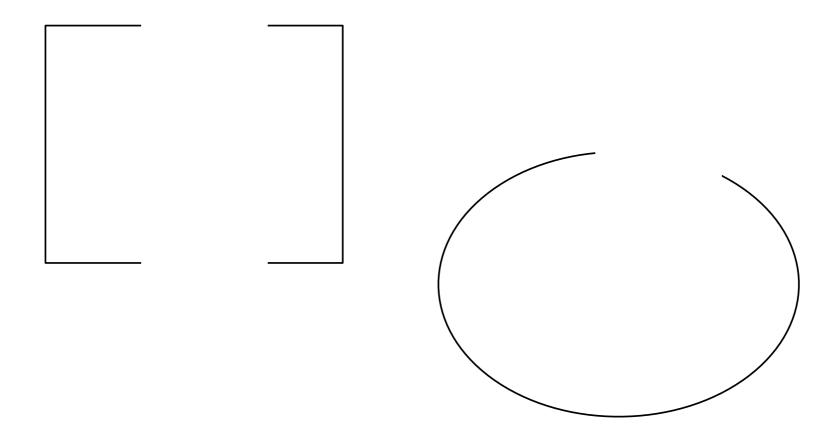
## Principle of Enclosure



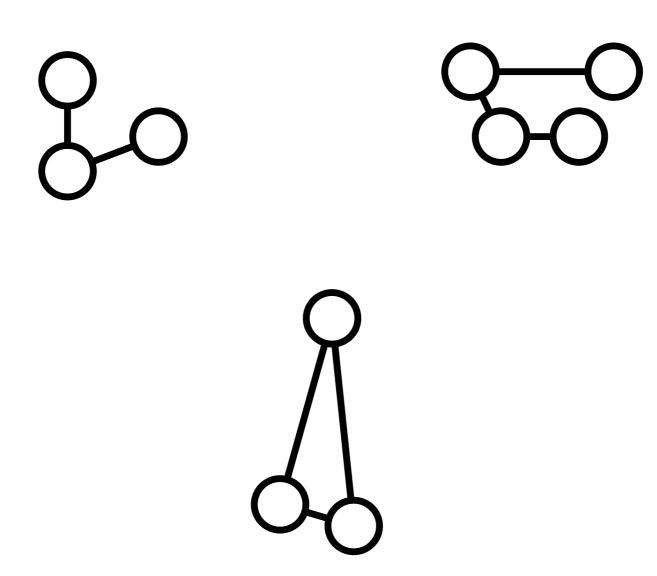
### Principle of Enclosure



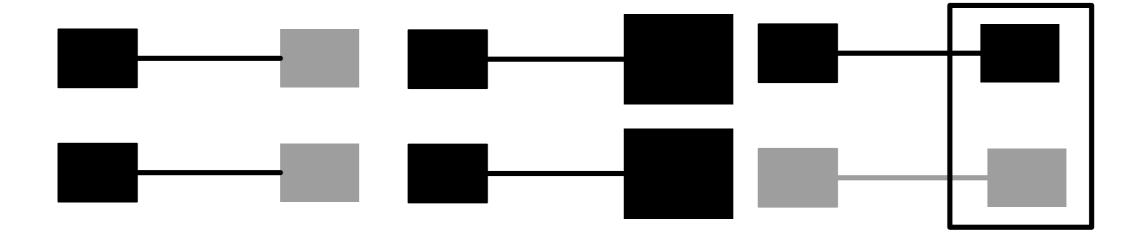
## Principle of Closure



## Principle of connectivity



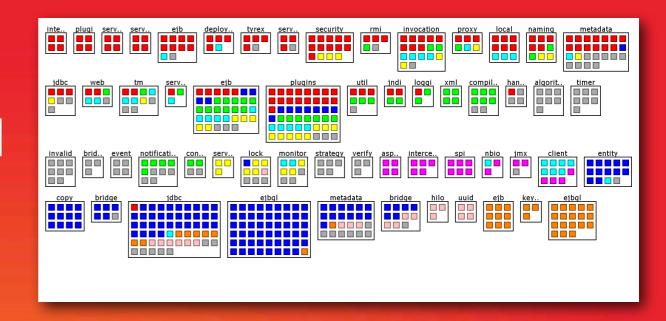
## Principle of connectivity



#### How properties spread on a system?

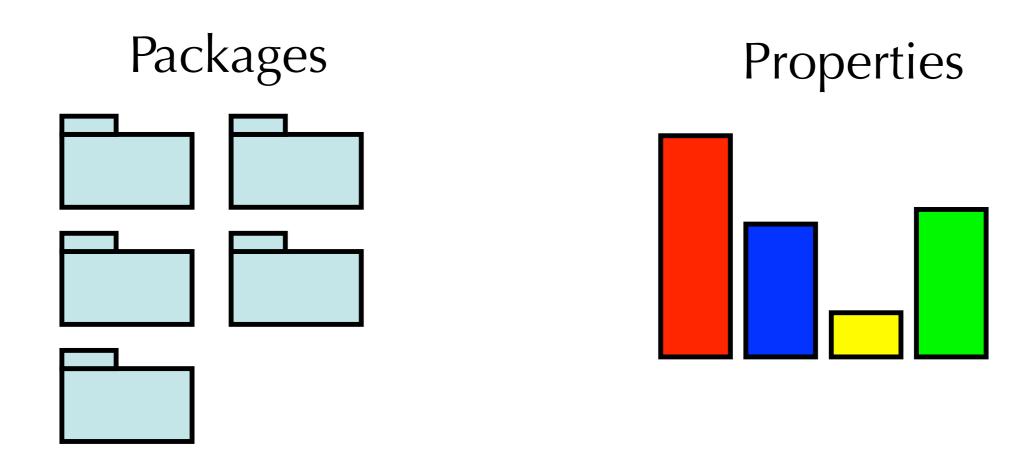
- Where author X worked?
- What are the classes under development the last two weeks?

Distribution Map [ICSM]

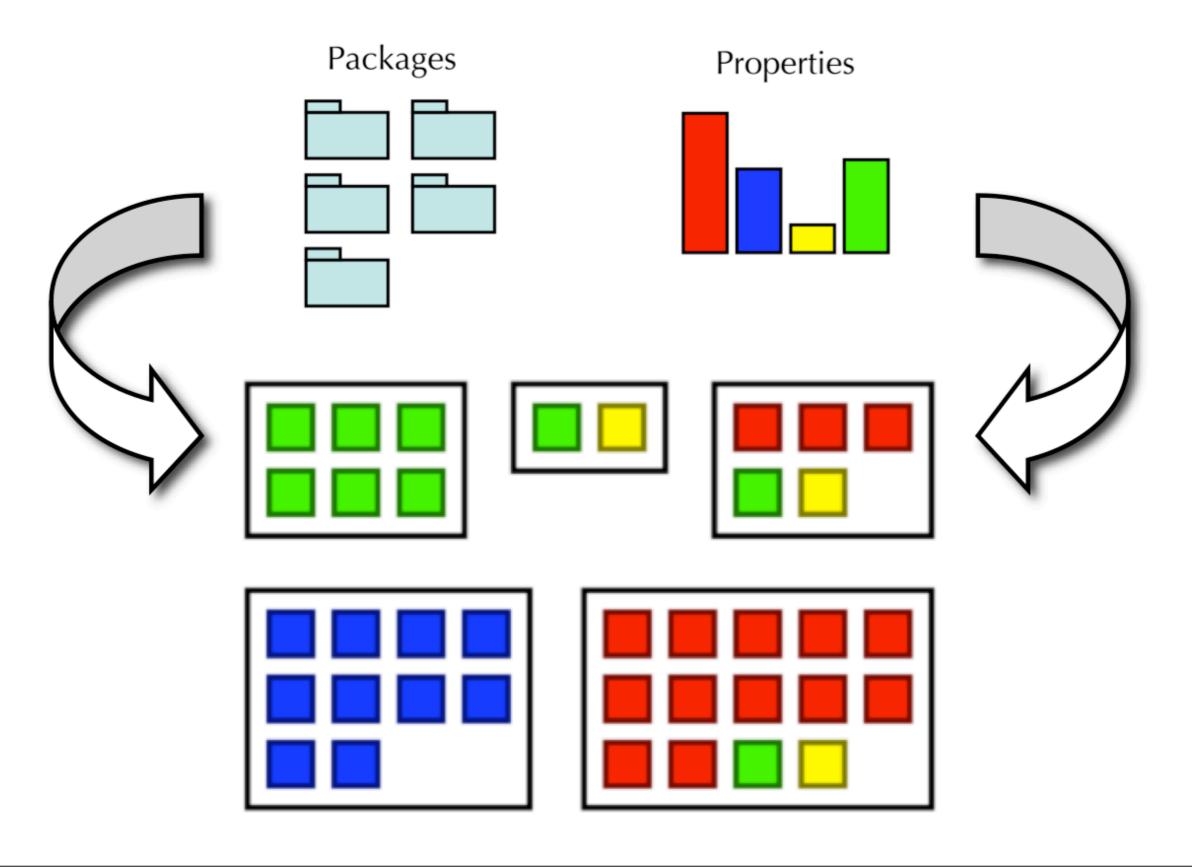




#### We take any two partitions, and



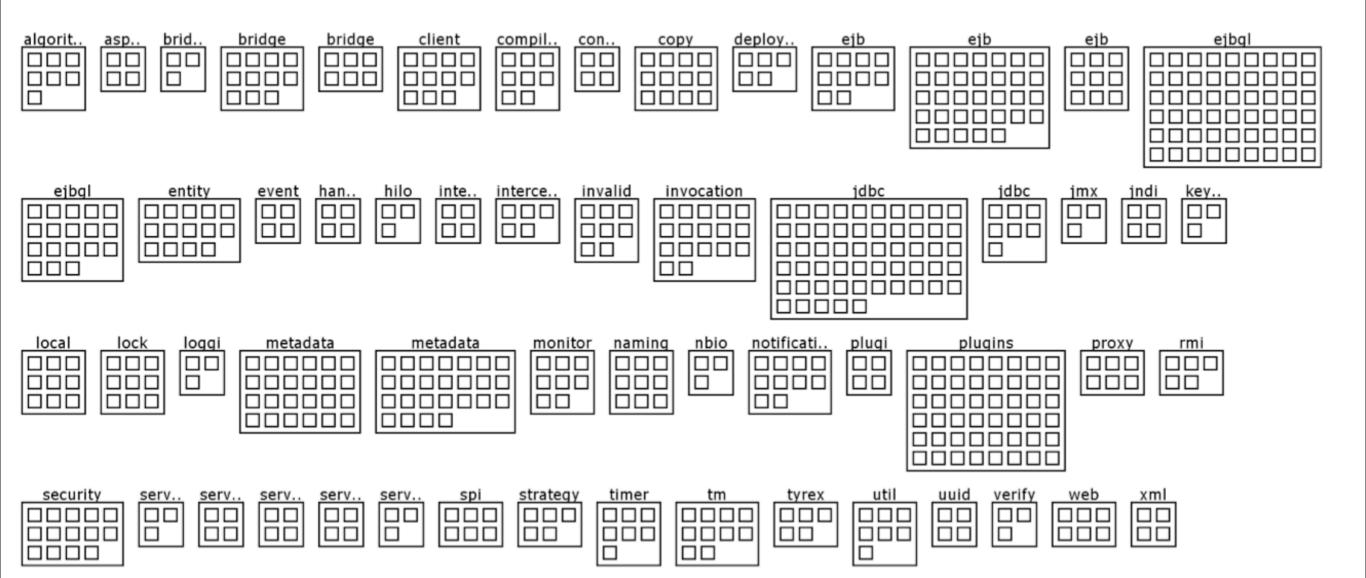
#### and create a Distribution Map.



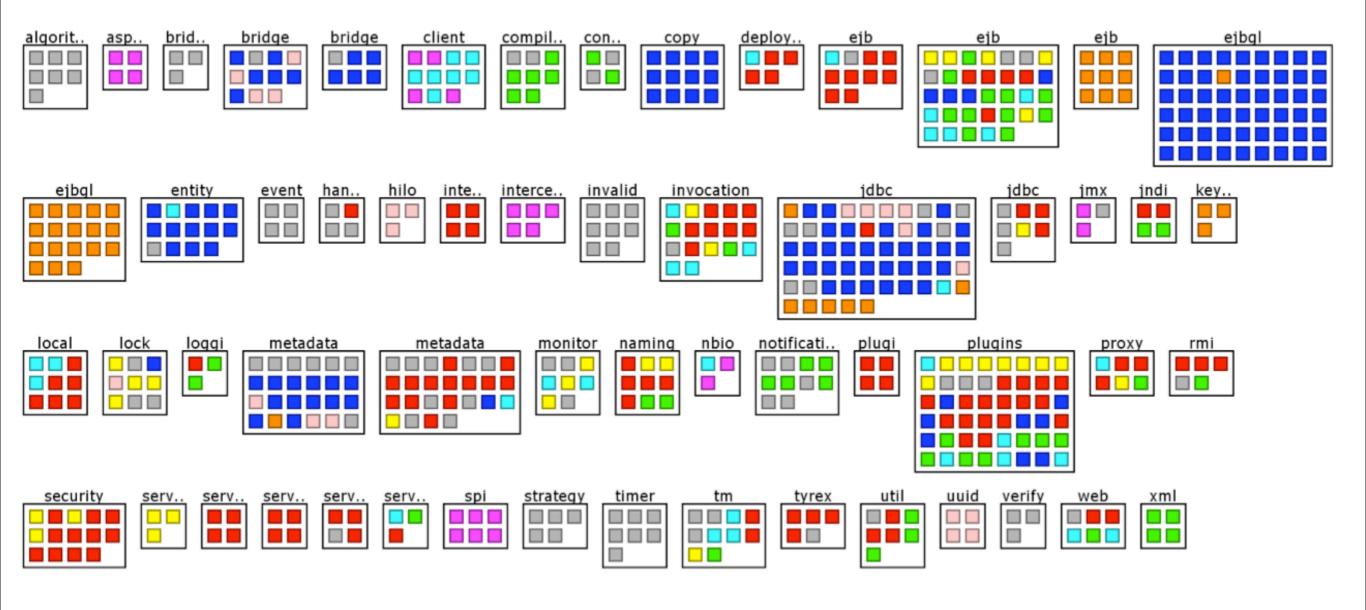
#### Step 1 — for each package draw a rectangle

algoritm	aspect	bridge	bridge	bridge	client	compiler	connecti	сору	deploym	ejb	ejb	ejb
ejbgl	ejbql	entity	event	handler	hilo	interaction	intercept	invalid	invocation	jdbc	jdbc	jmx
jndi	keygen	local	lock	loggi	metadata	metadata	monitor	naming	nbio	notificati	plugi	plugins
proxy	rmi	security	server	server	server	server	server	spi	strategy	timer	tm	tyrex
util	uuid	verify	web	xml								

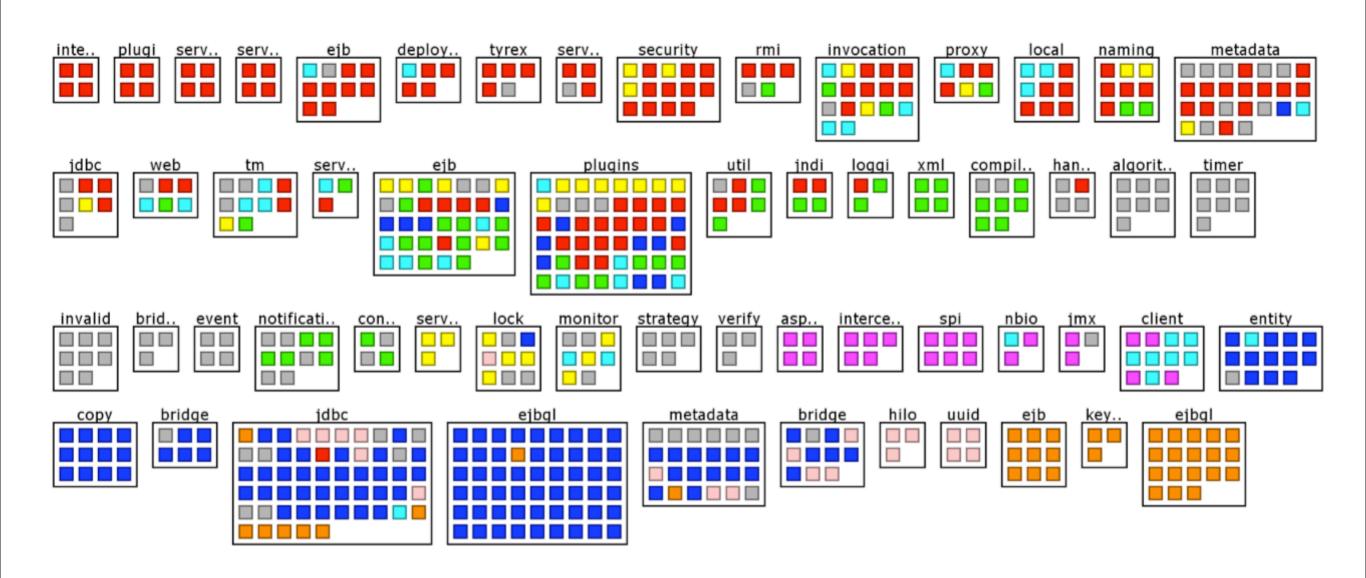
#### Step 2 — populate packages with classes



#### Step 3 — color the classes by property

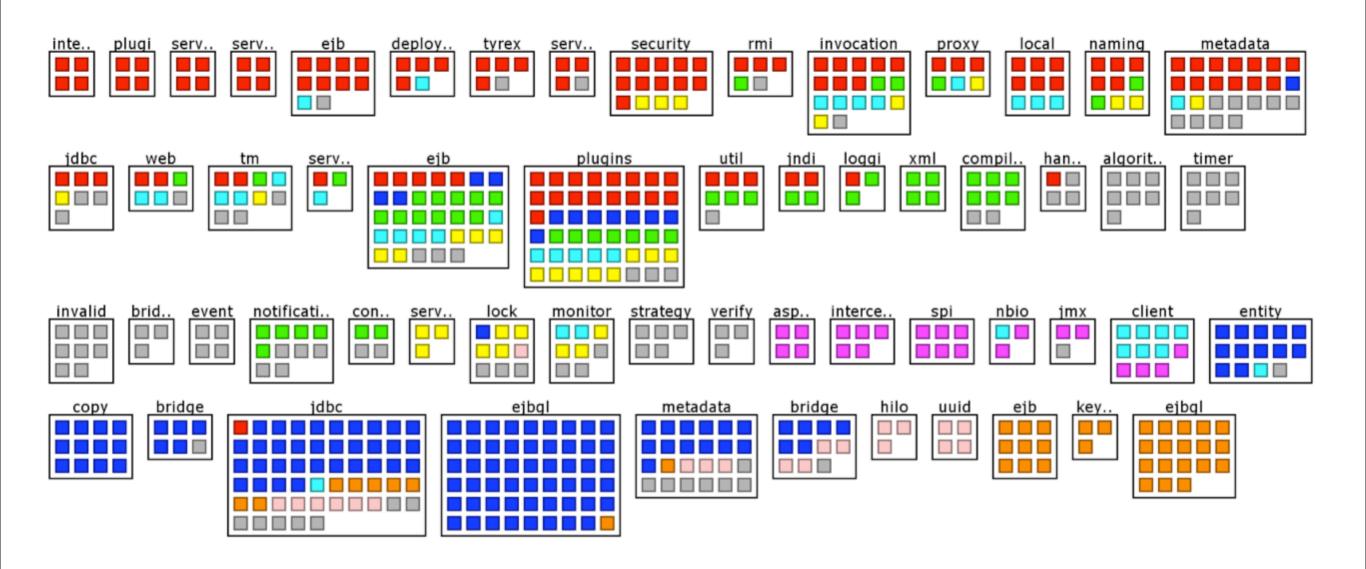


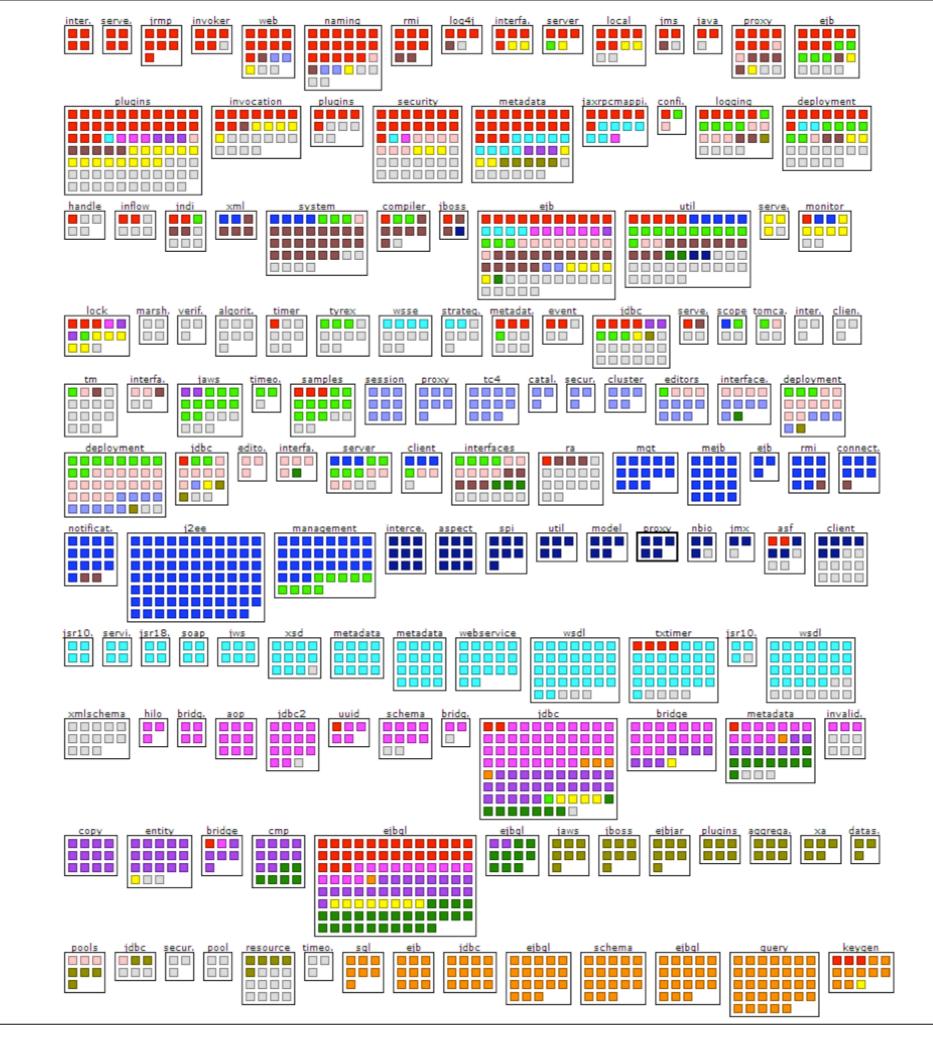
#### Step 4 — sort packages by content



Sorting with dendrogram seriation.

#### Step 5 — sort classes by properties

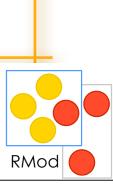




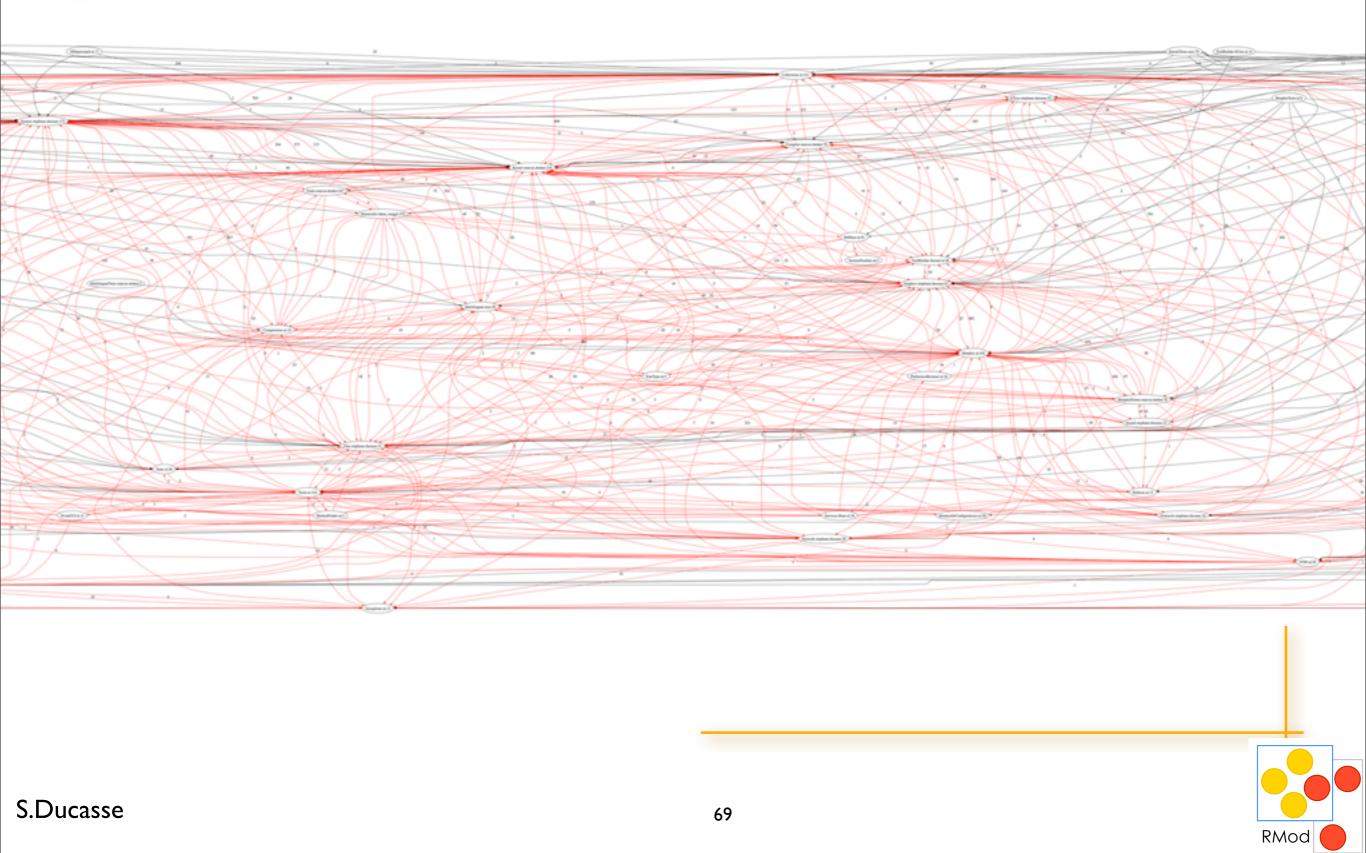
# Challenges

- How to modularize a system?
  - Where are the cycles?
  - What produce cycles?
  - Where are the layers

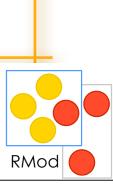
# Graph you said?



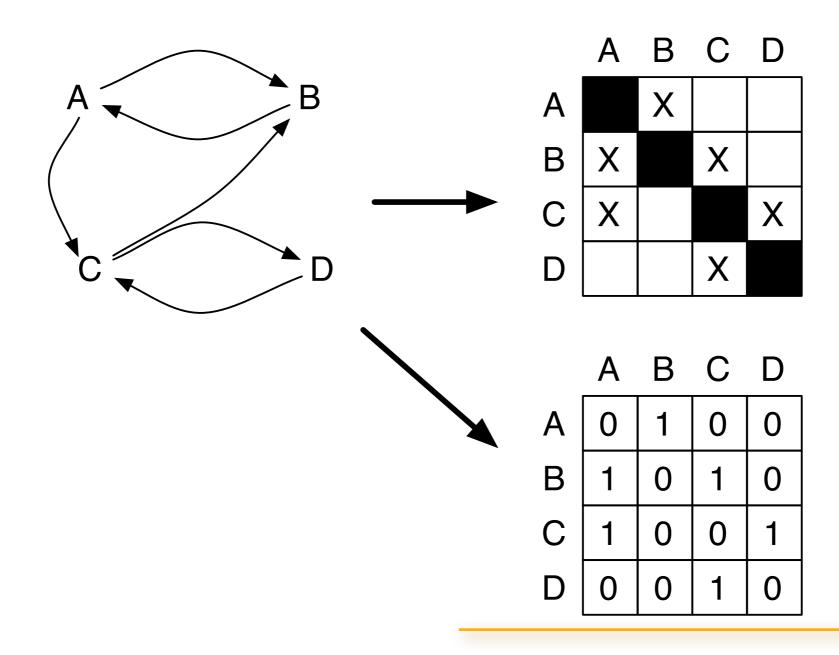
# Graph you said?

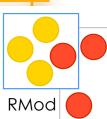


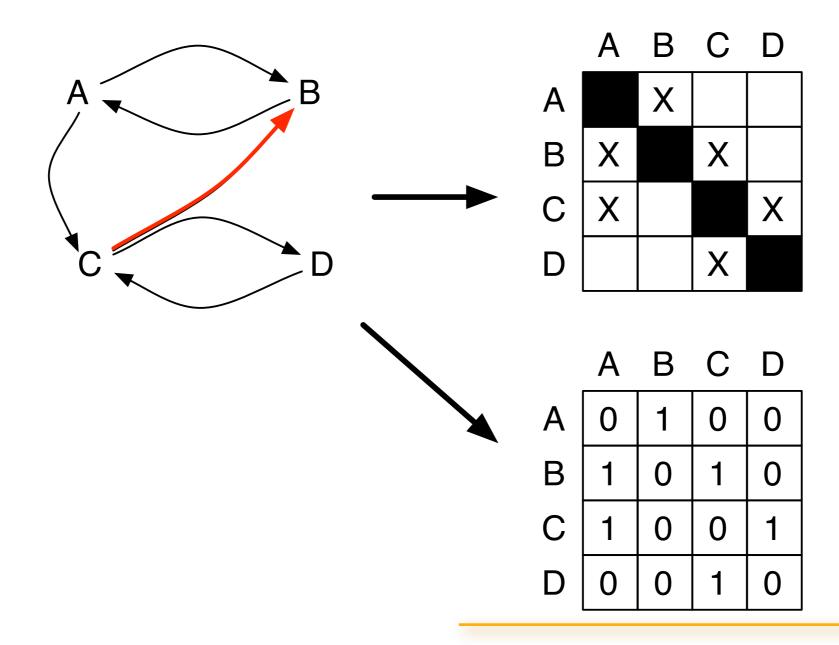
# Graph you said?

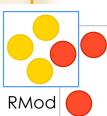


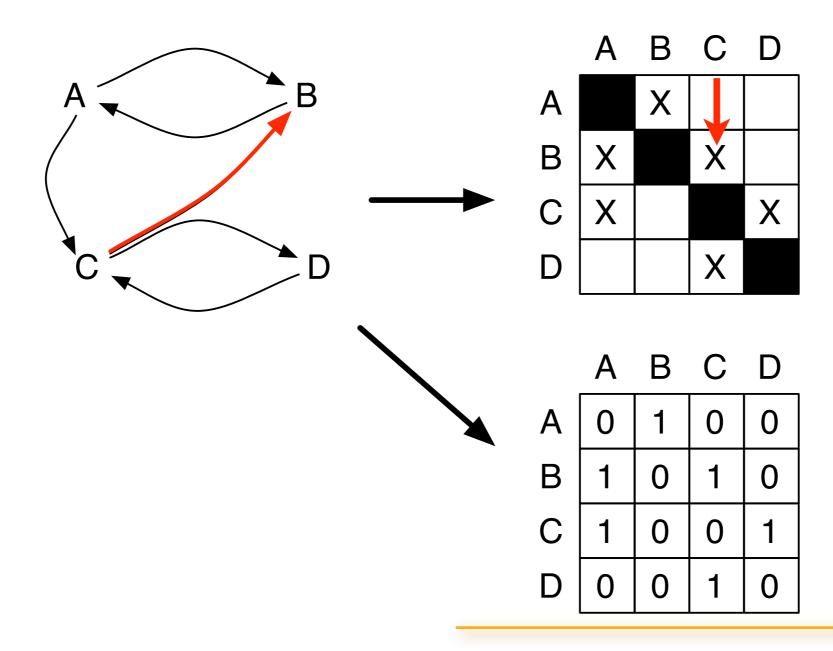
## Building a DSM

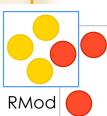


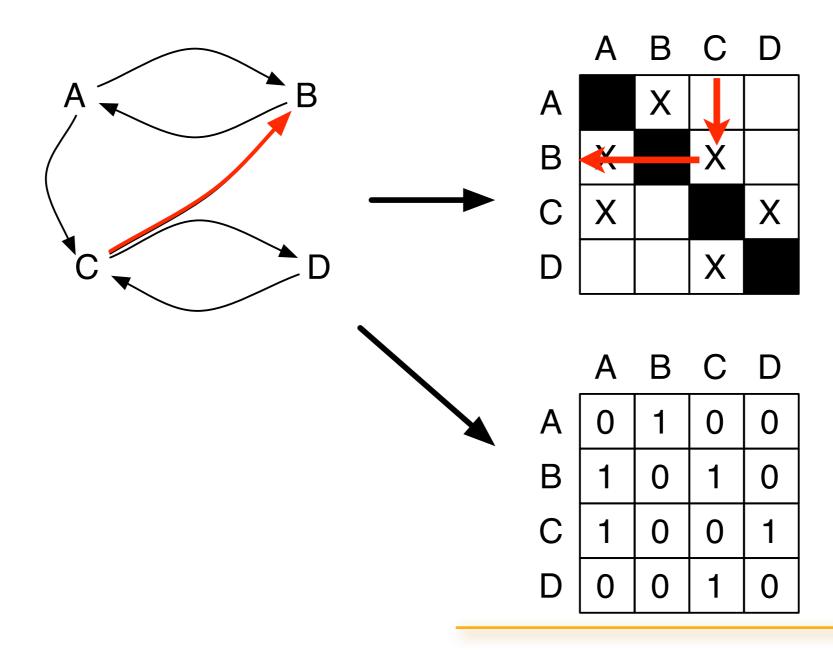


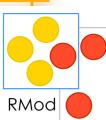


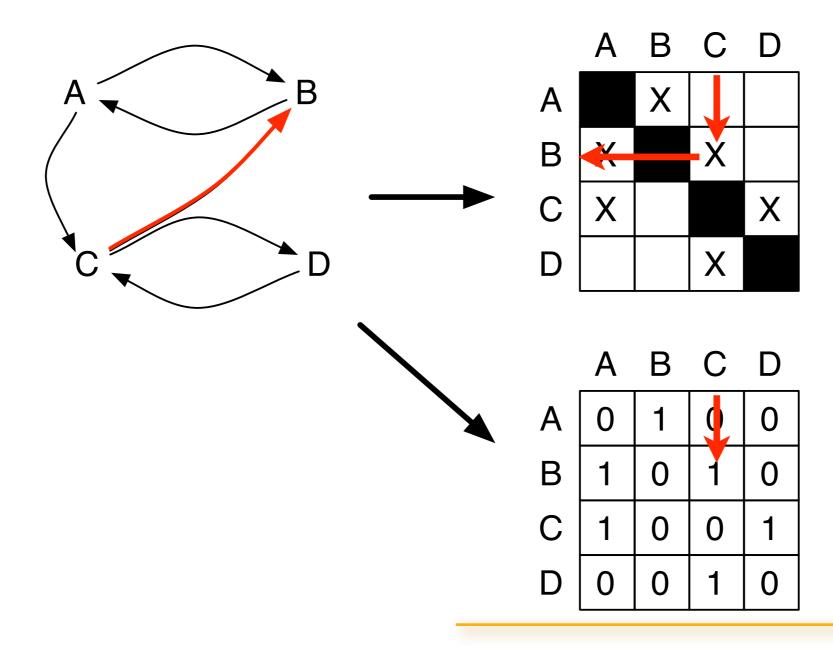


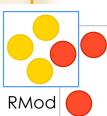


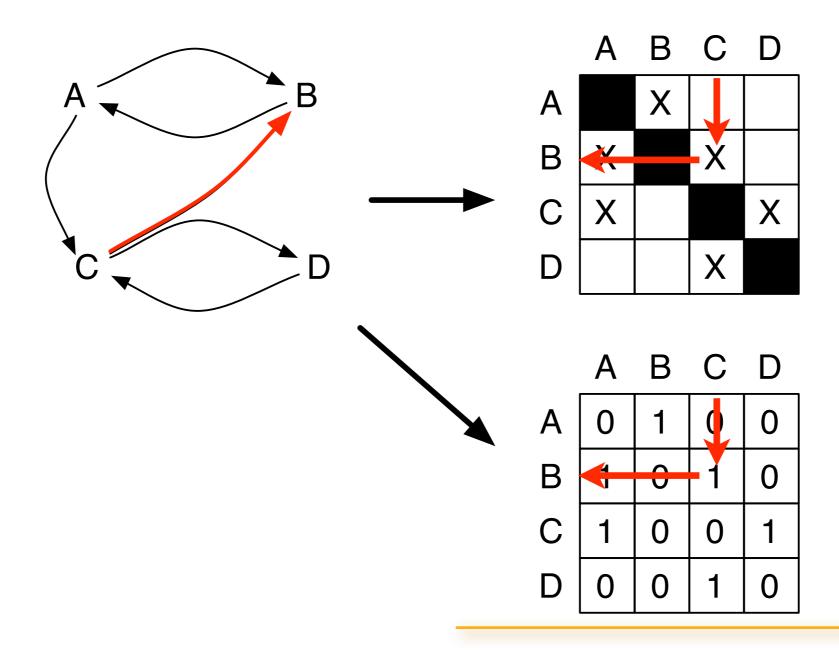


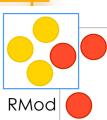




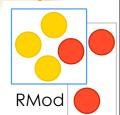




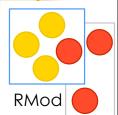




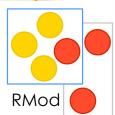
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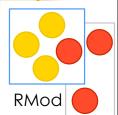
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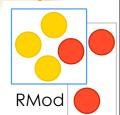
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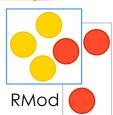
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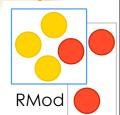
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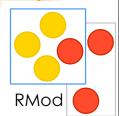
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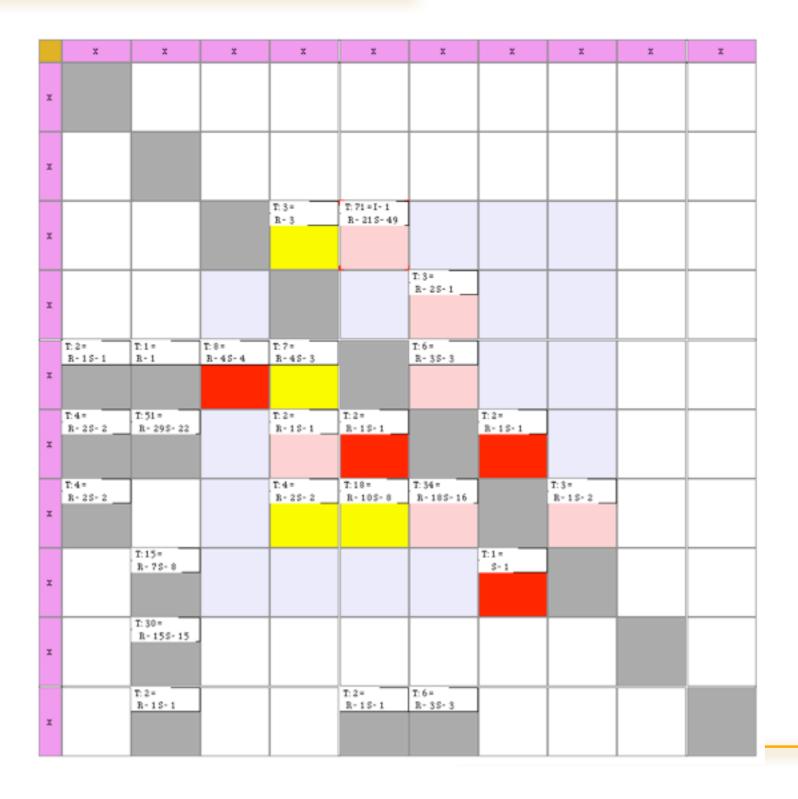


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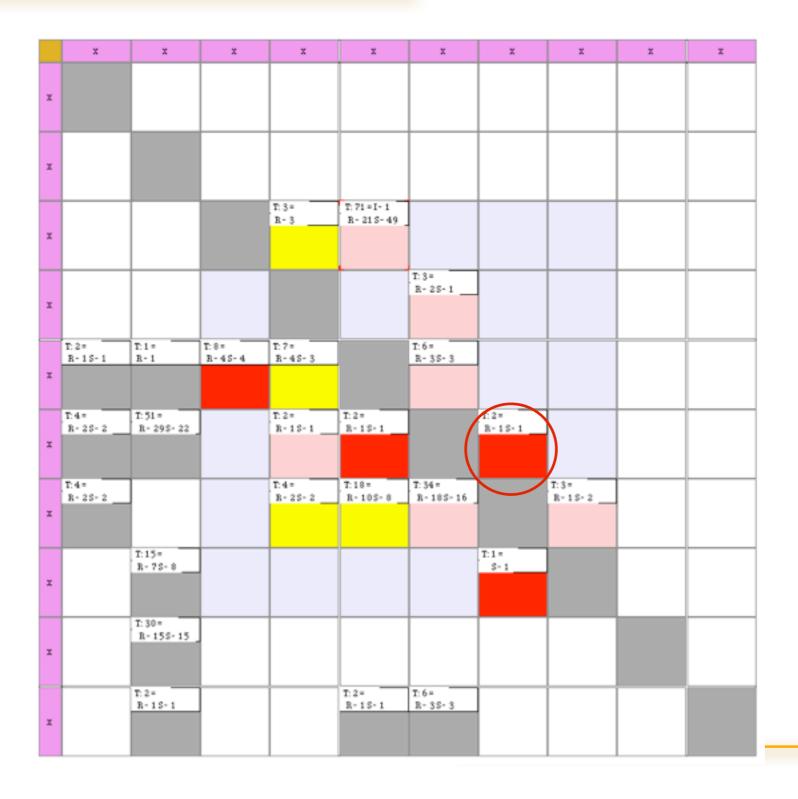


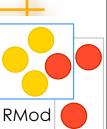
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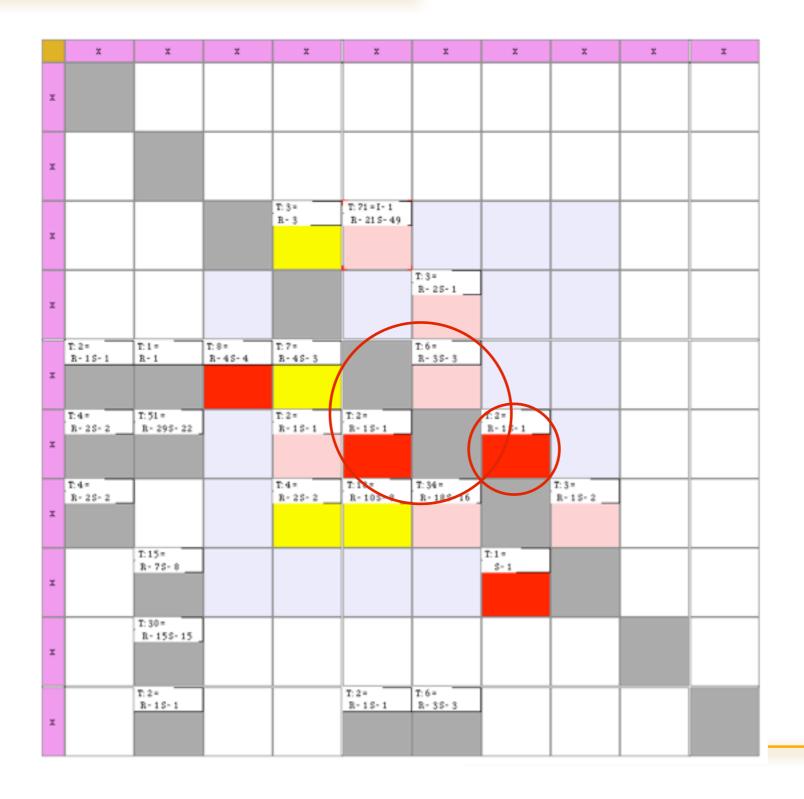




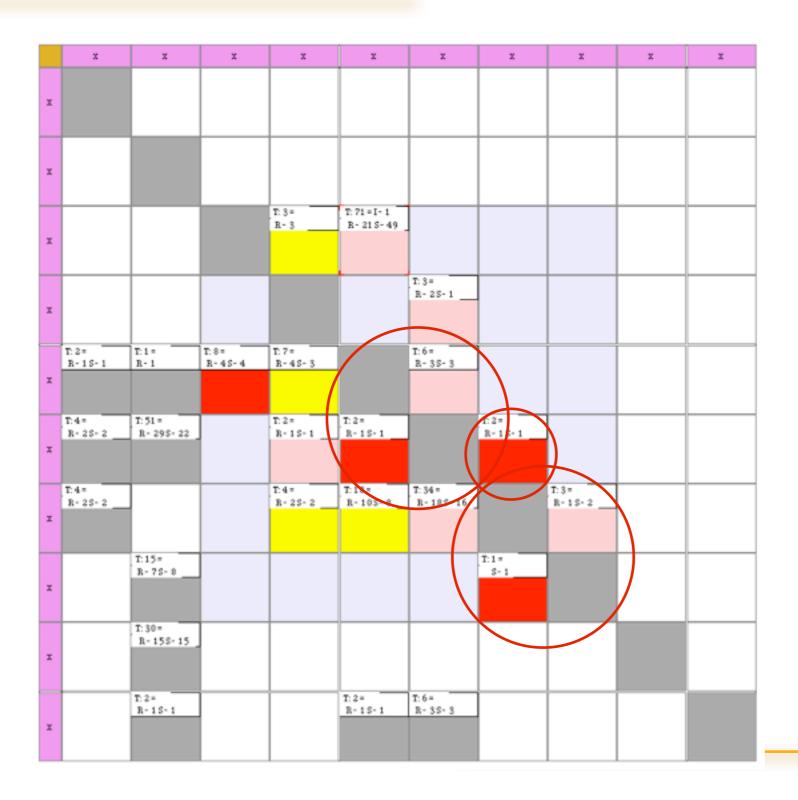




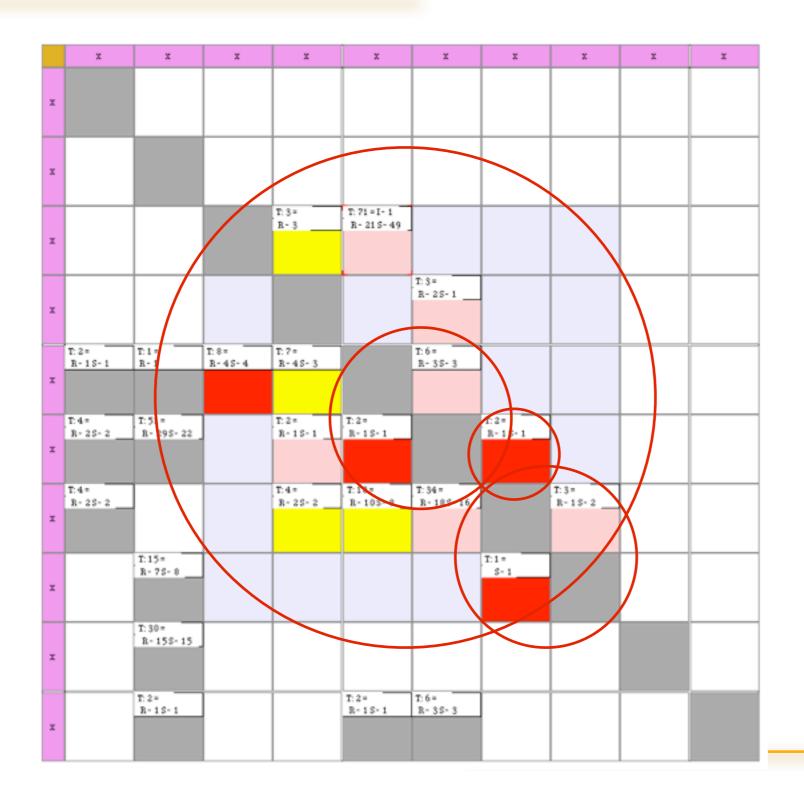




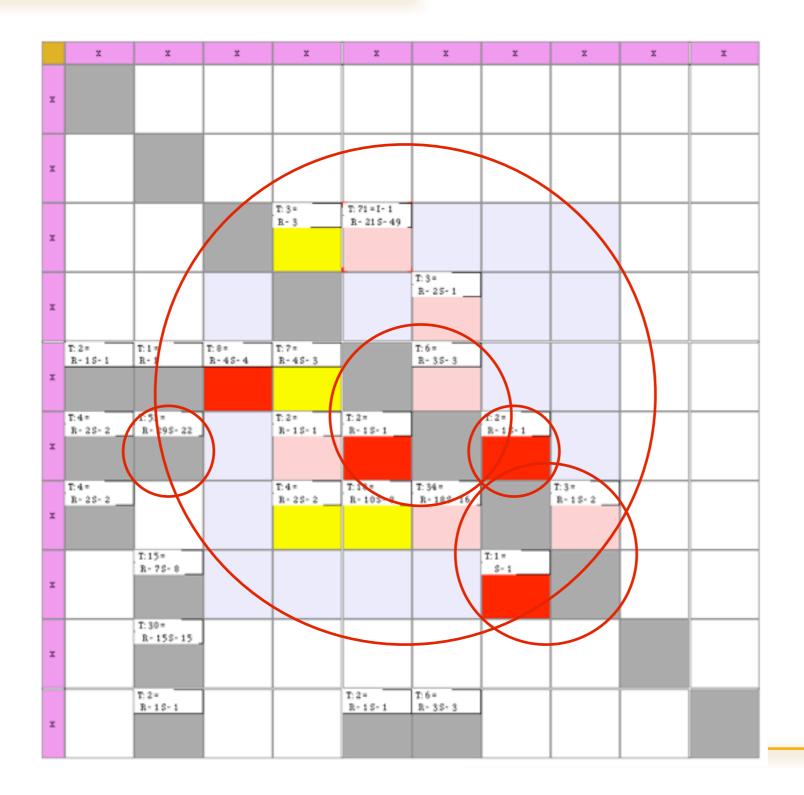






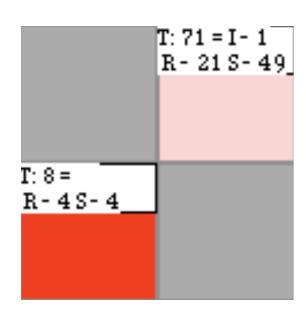


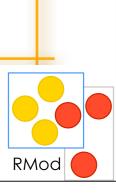




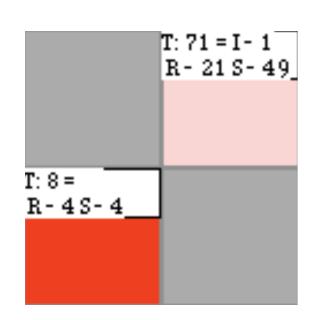


### Causes and distribution

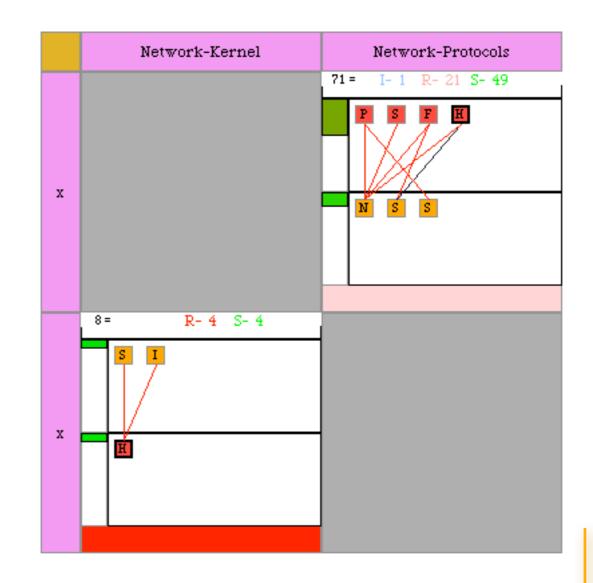




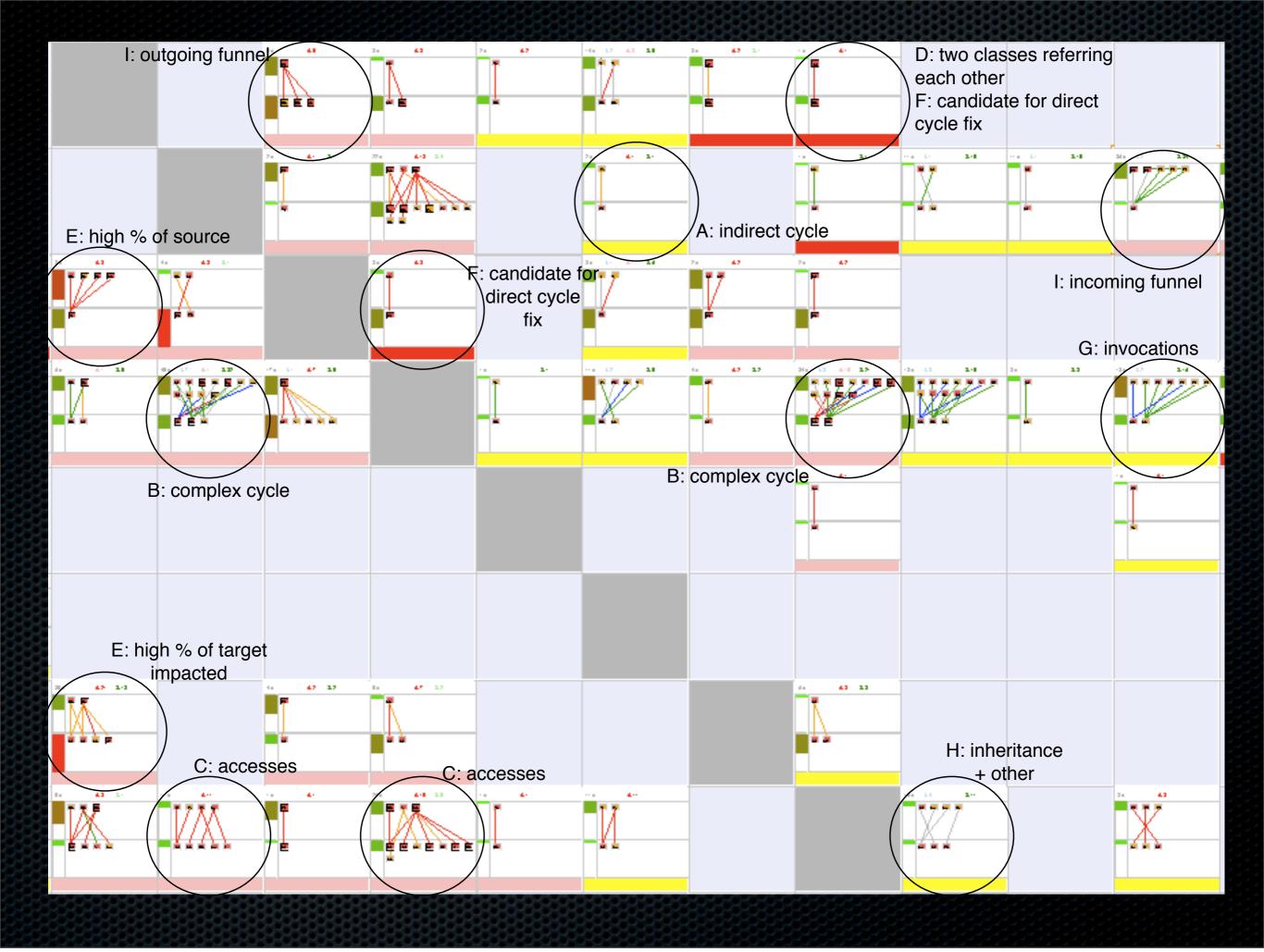
### Causes and distribution











## Challenges

- How to help taking the right decision?
- What are possible futures impact of a change?

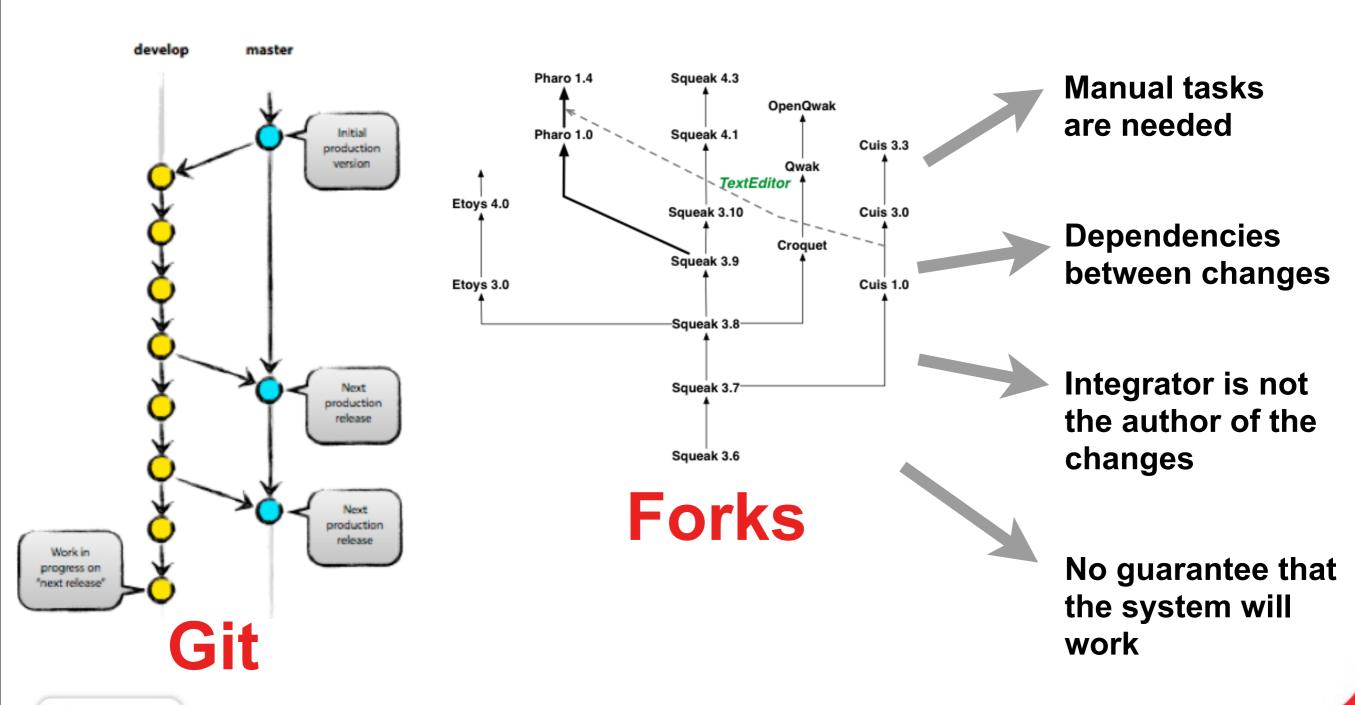
### Orion

- Supporting multiple versions of analyzed projects
- Applying analyses on different modifications
- Comparing different futures

# Challenges

- How can we help merging?
- What is the impact of a change?

#### How to support merging branches?

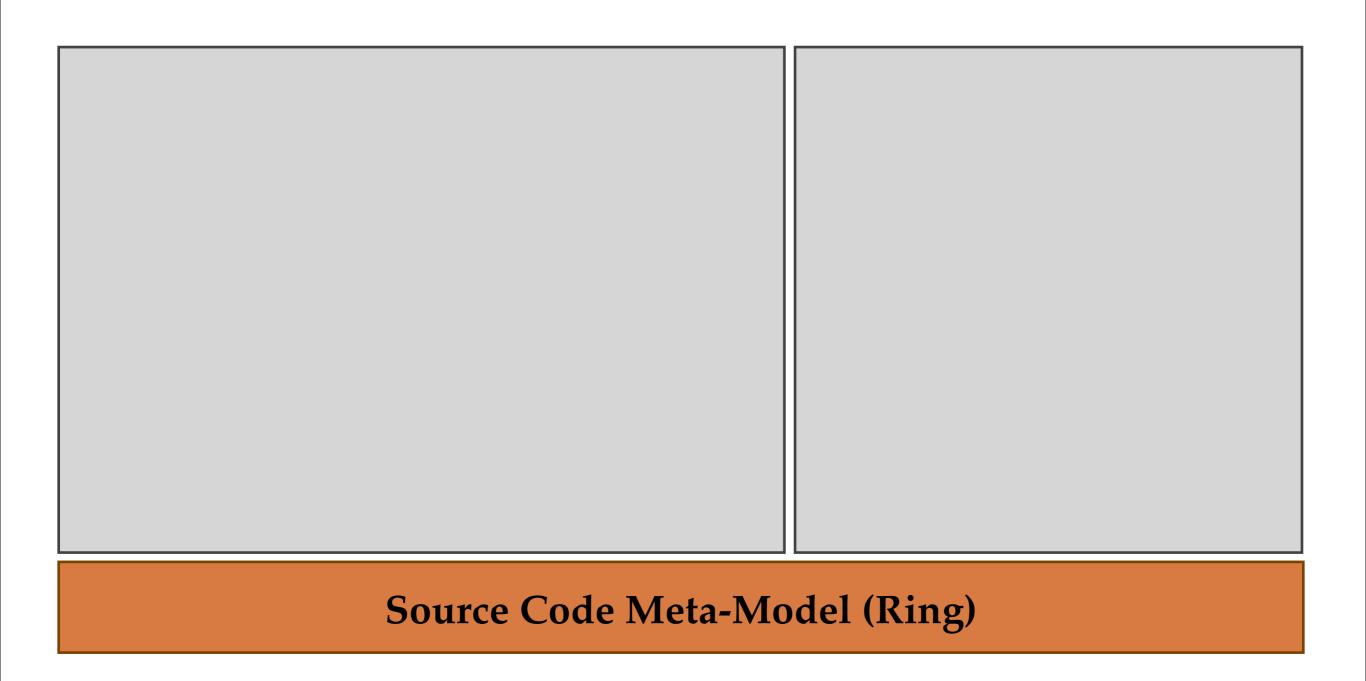














	Single delta (commit)				
Source Code Meta-Model (Ring)					

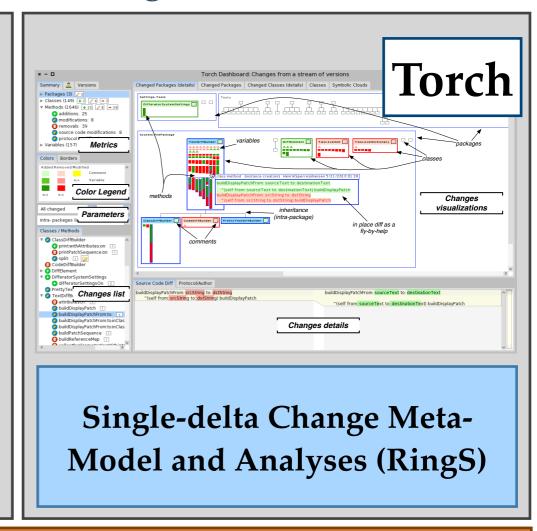


Single delta (commit)

Single-delta Change Meta-Model and Analyses (RingS)



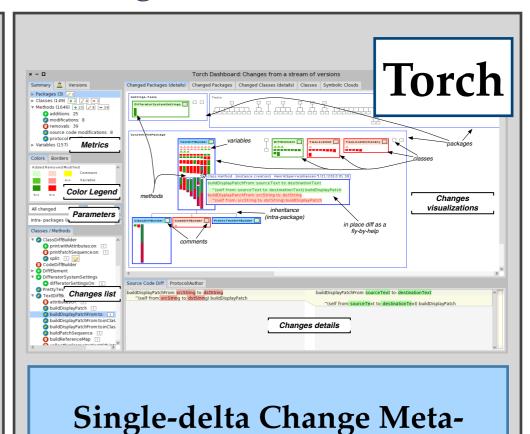
#### Single delta (commit)





Stream of changes (chains of commits)

Single delta (commit)



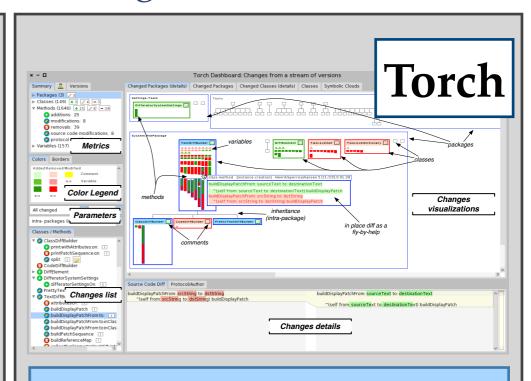
Model and Analyses (RingS)



Stream of changes (chains of commits)

Single delta (commit)

History Meta-Model and Analyses (RingH)



Single-delta Change Meta-Model and Analyses (RingS)



Stream of changes (chains of commits)

Single delta (commit)

Change & Dependency
Meta-Model and Analyses
(RingC)

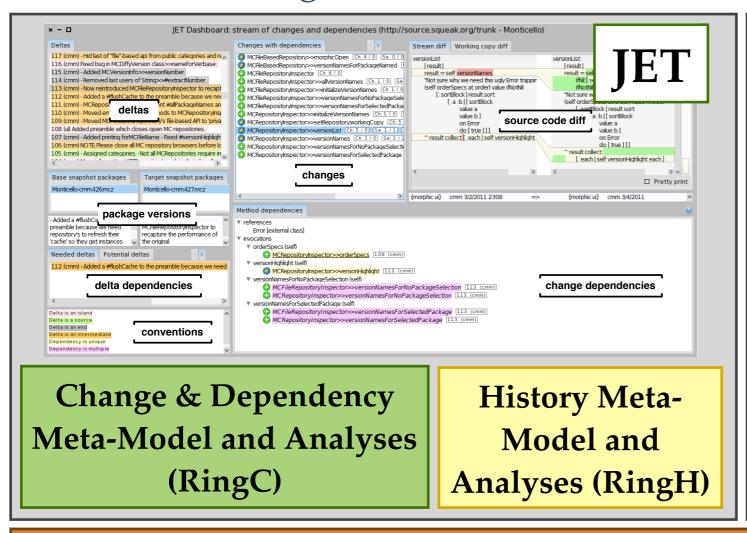
History Meta-Model and Analyses (RingH) Torch Dashboard: Changes from a stream of versions

Semany | Versions | Changed Packages (details) | Ch

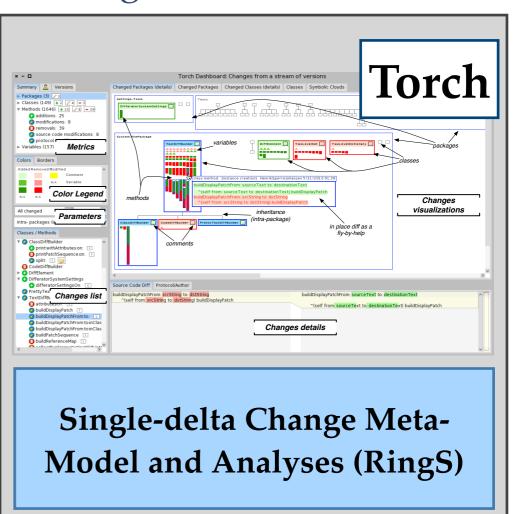
Single-delta Change Meta-Model and Analyses (RingS)

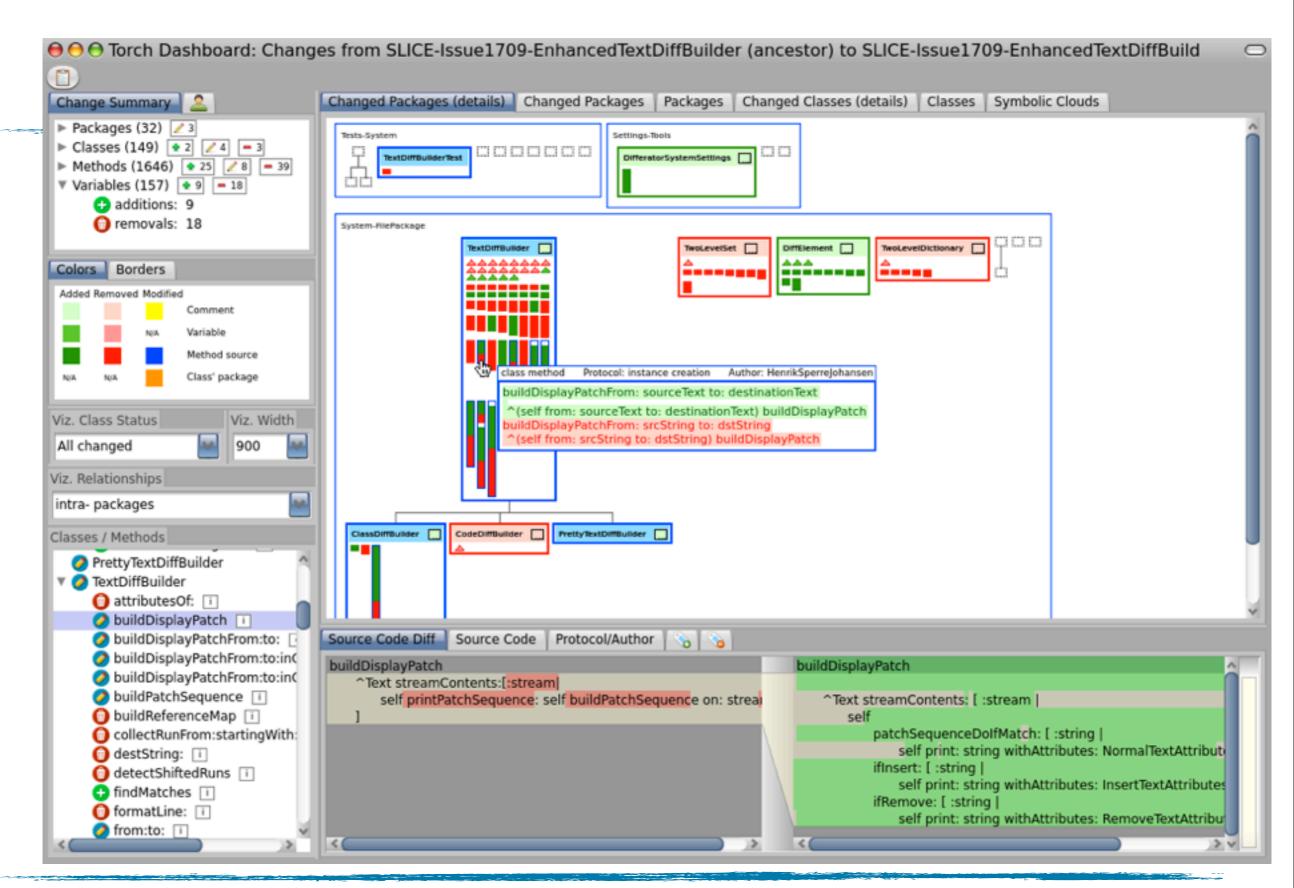


#### Stream of changes (chains of commits)



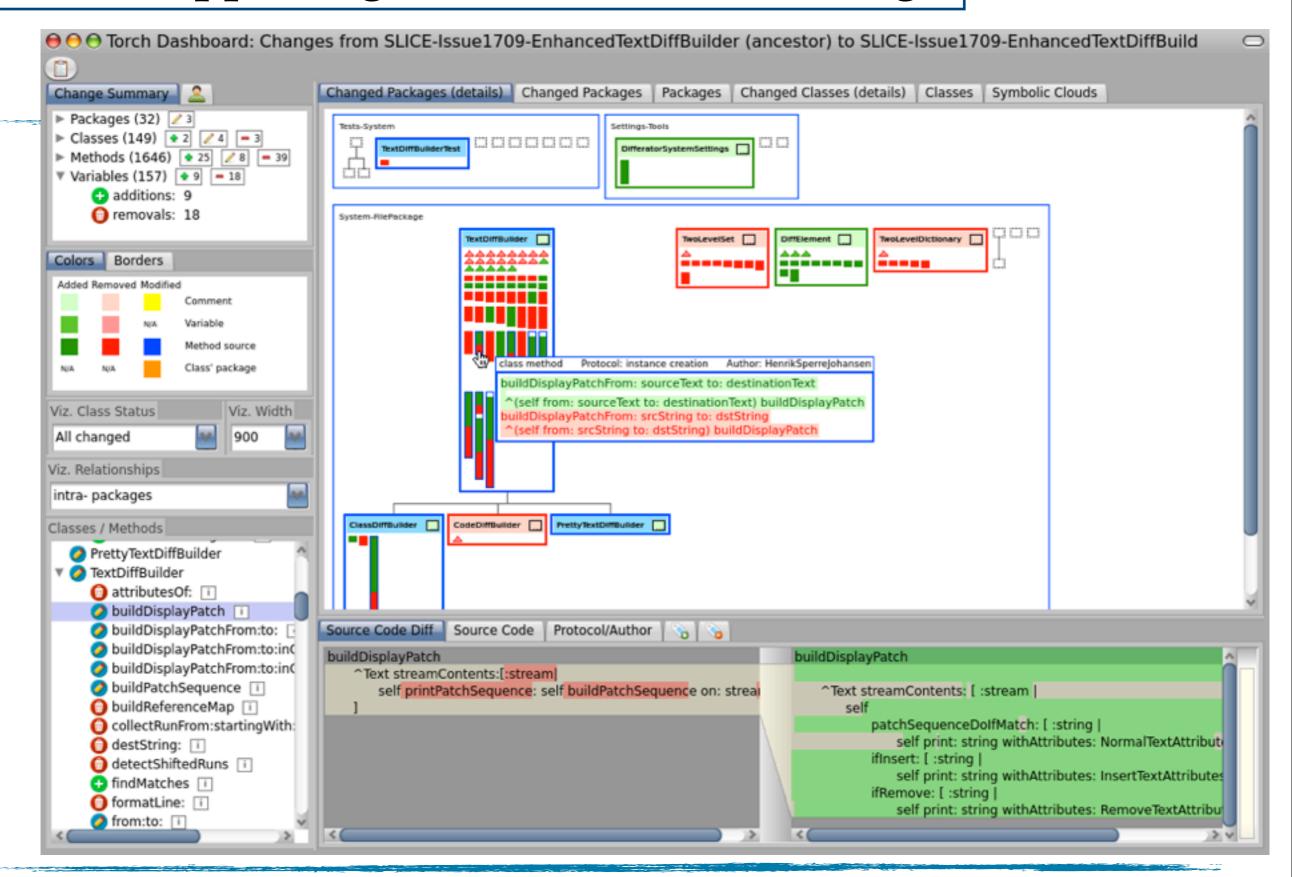
#### Single delta (commit)





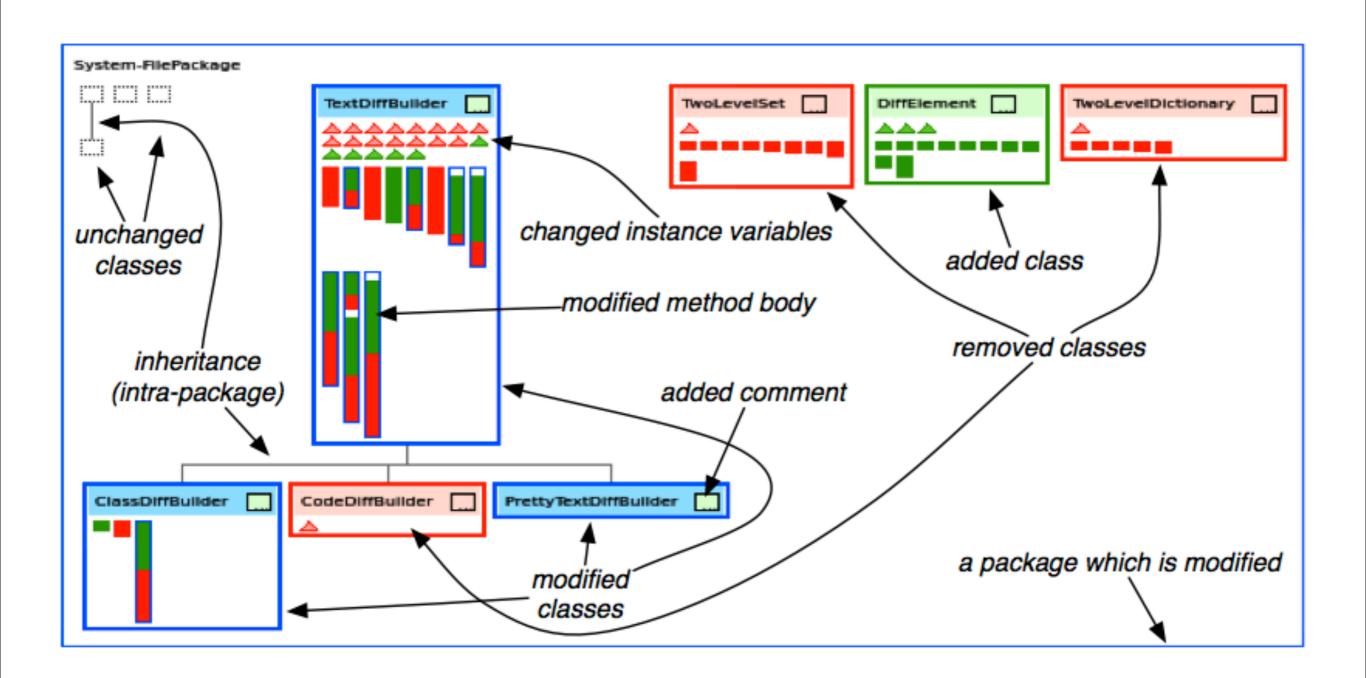
The Torch Dashboard

#### **Torch: Supporting Commit Understanding**



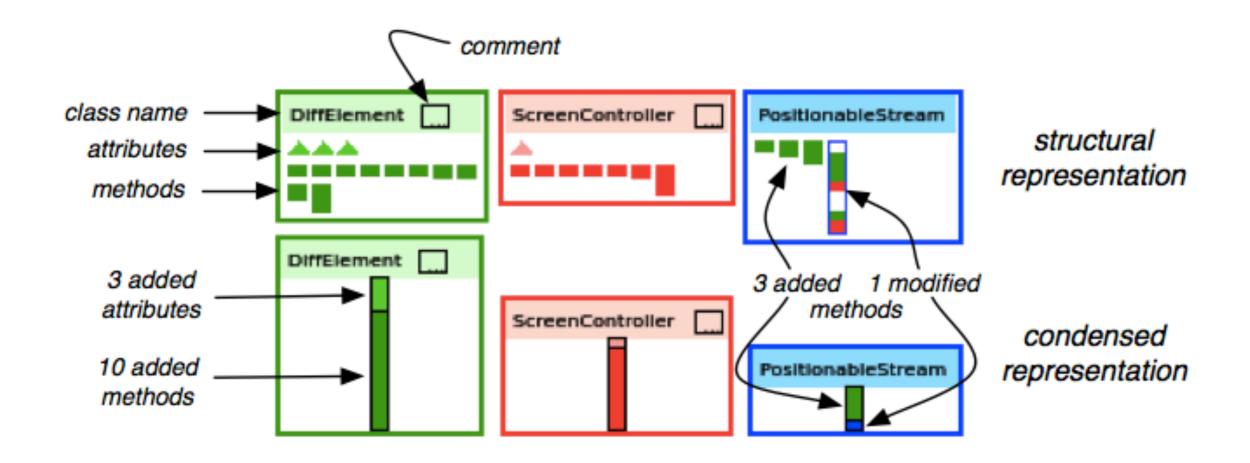
The Torch Dashboard

### Package Structure

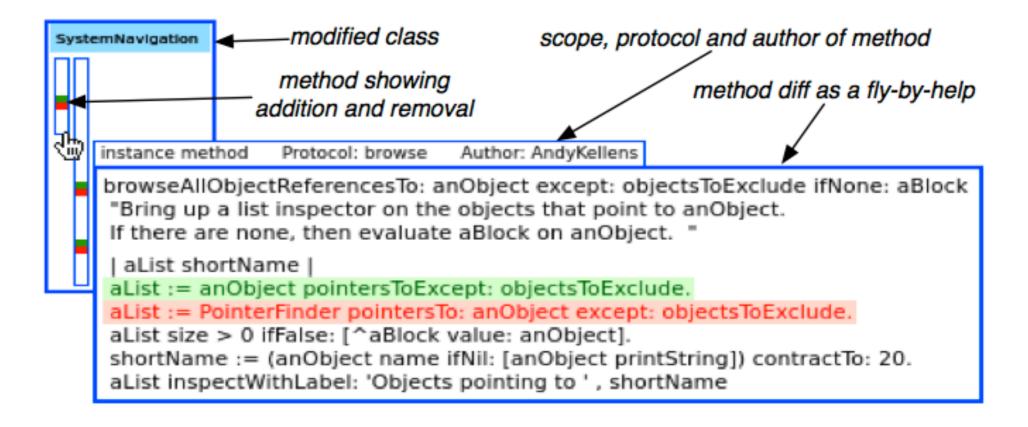


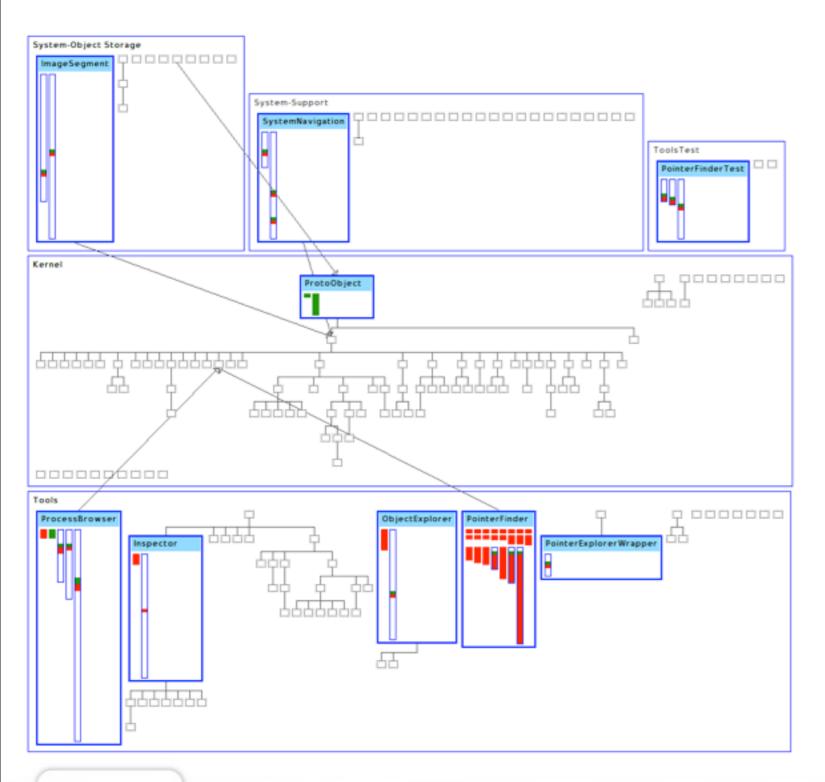
Visualization: Changed Packages (details)

### Class Representation



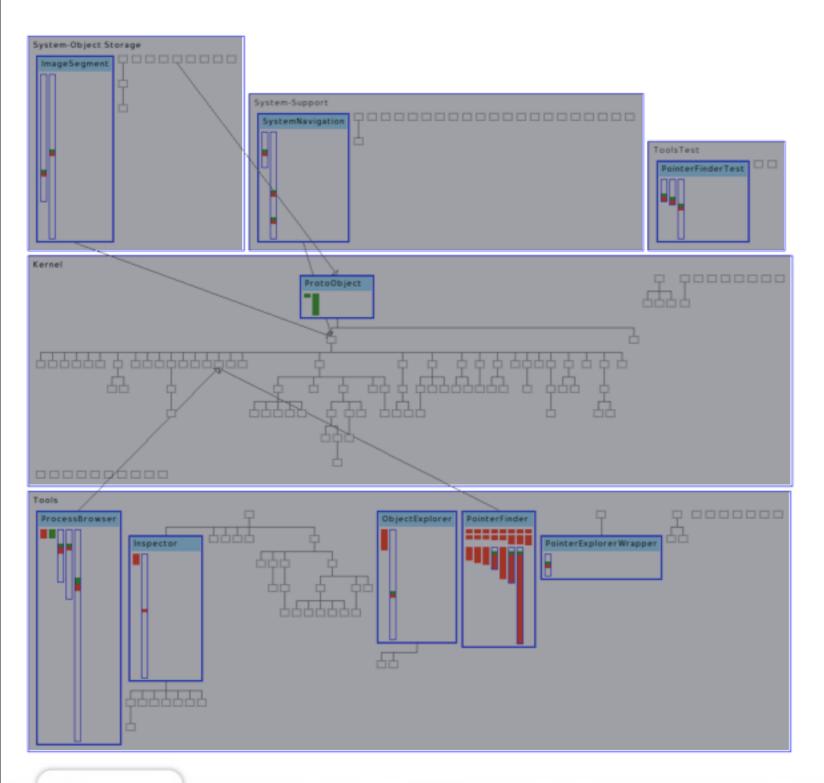
### Omnipresent source code





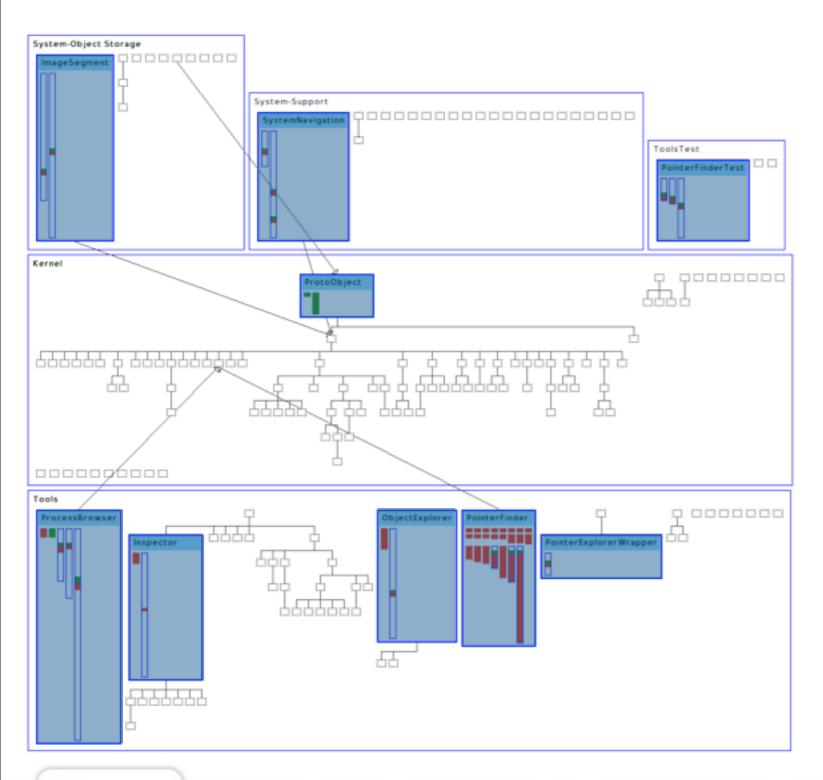
A set of changes, involving:





A set of changes, involving: 5 packages,



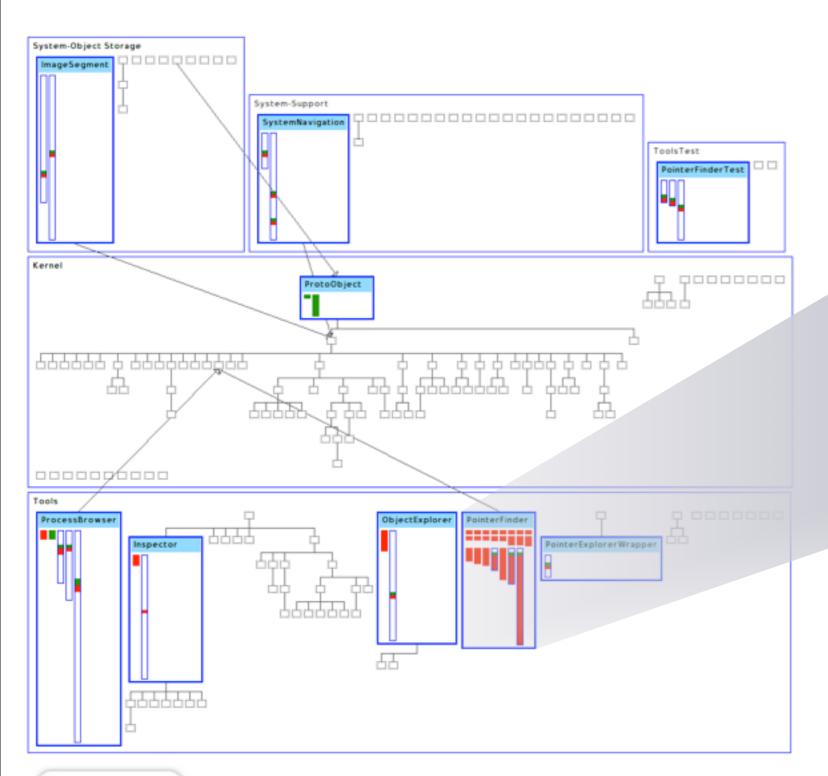


A set of changes, involving:

5 packages,

9 classes,



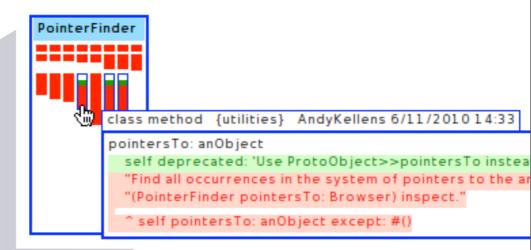


A set of changes, involving:

5 packages,

9 classes,

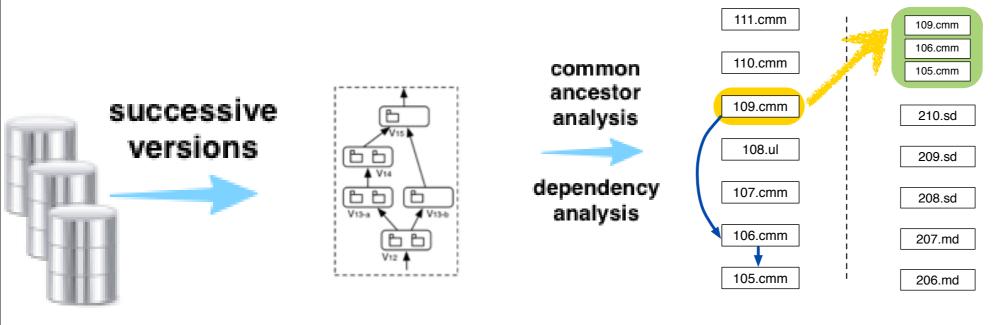
~40 methods





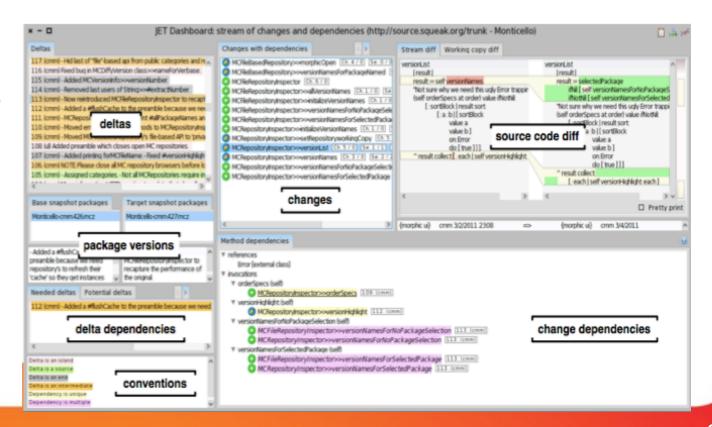
# Streams of Changes: On what other changes does this change depend?

source branch



characterization of dependencies and deltas



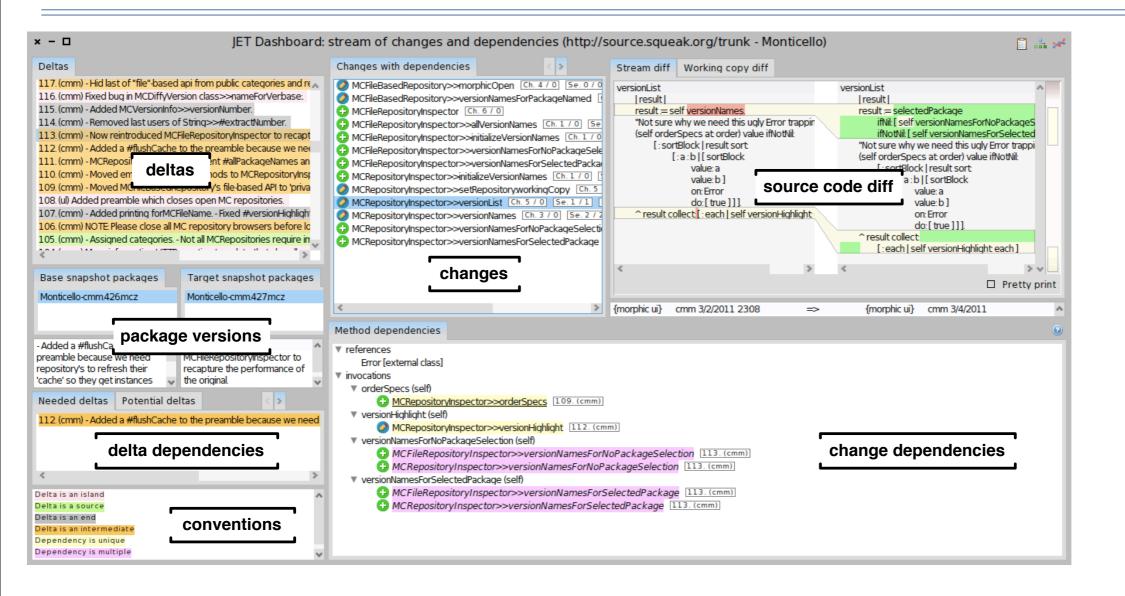


target branch

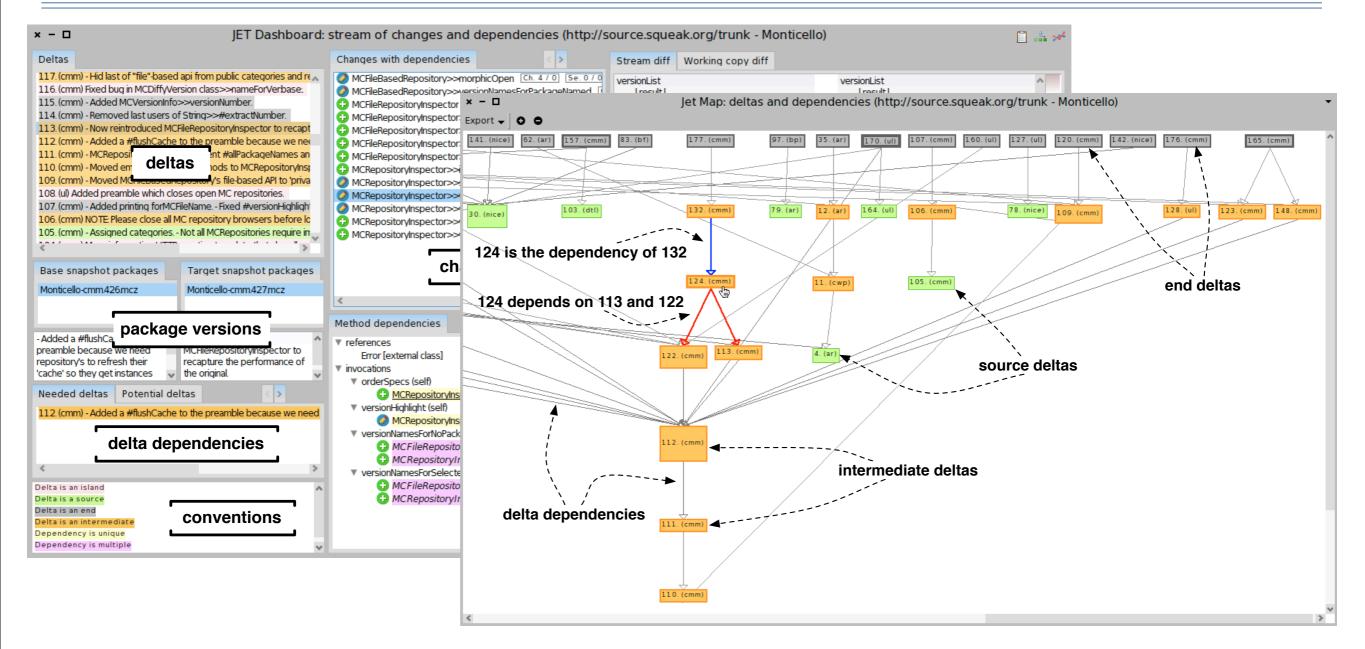




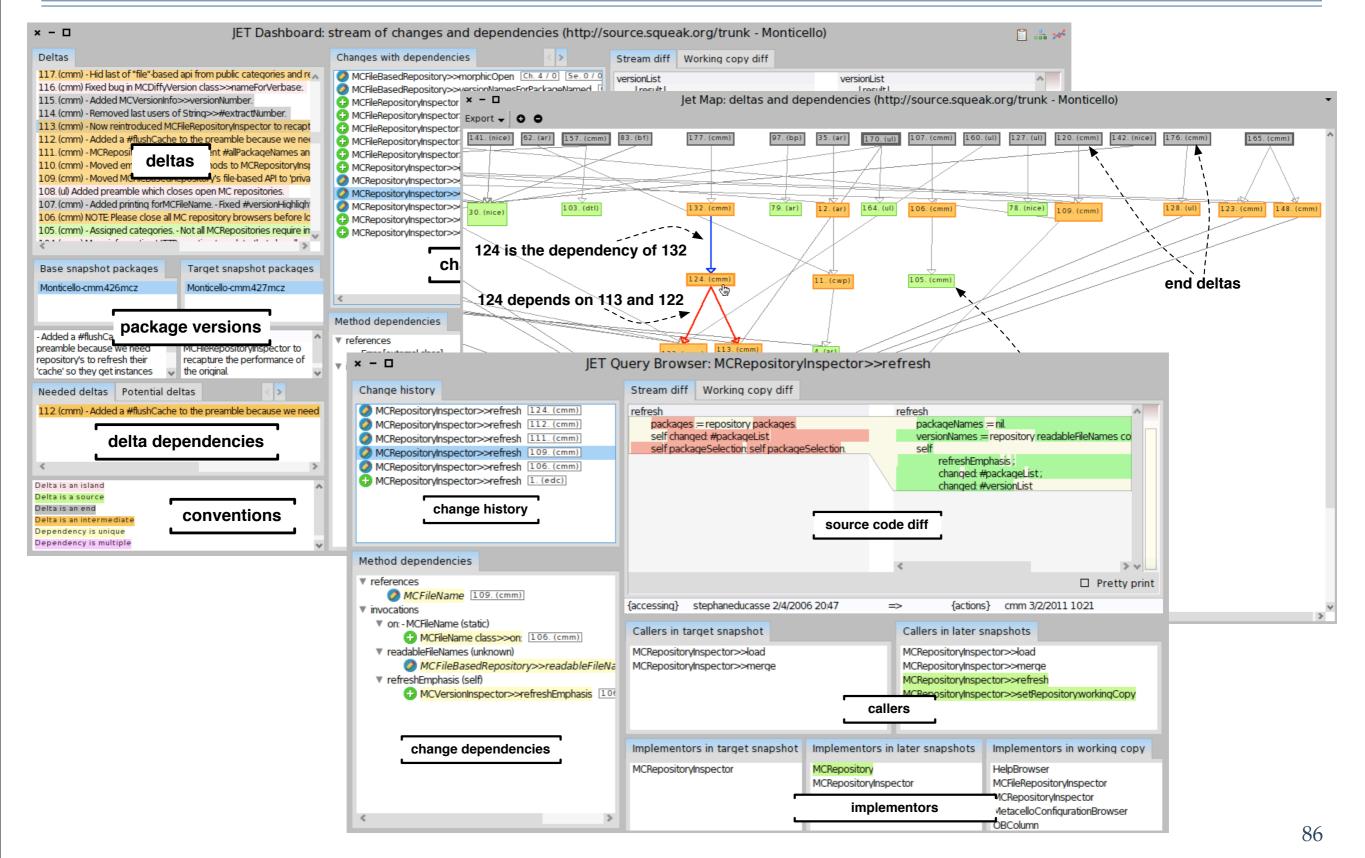












# Maintenance is important and Fun;)

- http://rmod.lille.inria.fr
- http://www.synectique.eu