

# Pharo: Syntax in a Nutshell

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<http://www.pharo.org>

# Less is More

- ✦ No constructors
- ✦ No types declaration
- ✦ No interfaces
- ✦ No packages/private/protected
- ✦ No parametrized types
- ✦ No boxing/unboxing
- ✦ **And really powerful**

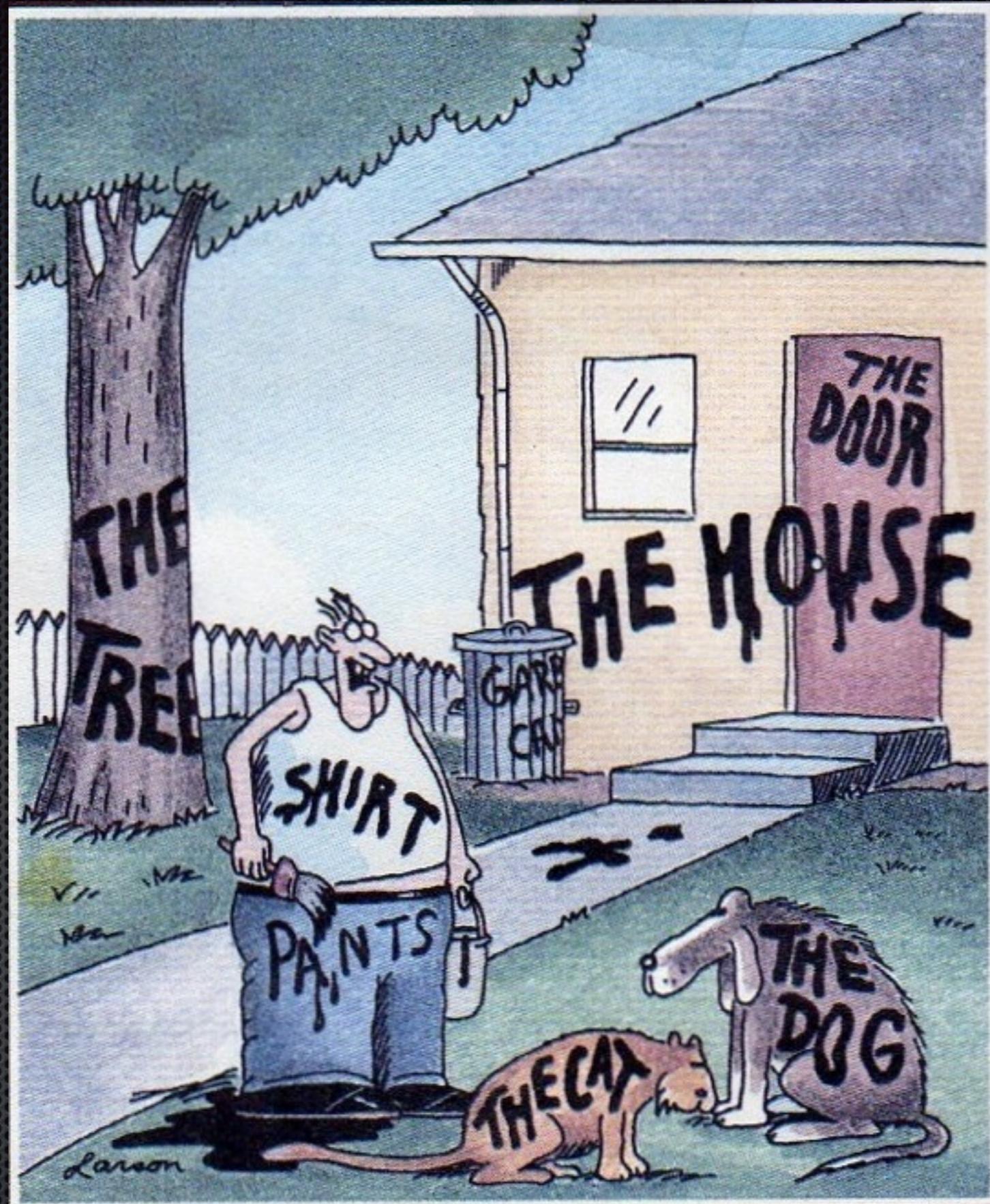
```
ArrayList<String> strings
```

```
    = new ArrayList<String>();
```

```
strings := ArrayList new.
```

```
Thread regThread = new Thread(  
    new Runnable() {  
        public void run() {  
            this.doSomething();} });  
regThread.start();
```

***[self doSomething] fork.***



“Now! ... *That* should clear up a few things around here!”

# A Pure OO World

# Only objects!

mouse, booleans, arrays, numbers, strings, windows, scrollbars, canvas, files, trees, compilers, sound, url, socket, fonts, text, collections, stack, shortcut, streams, ...

# 3 kinds of messages

Unary messages

```
5 factorial  
Transcript cr
```

Binary messages

```
3 + 4
```

Keywords messages

```
2 between: 0 and: 5
```

```
Transcript show: 'hello world'
```

```
postman.send(mail,recipient);
```

```
postman.send(mail, recipient);
```

postman send mail recipient

postman send mail to recipient

postman **send:** mail **to:** recipient

() > Unary > Binary >  
Keywords

1 class maxVal + 1

(1 class maxVal + 1) class

1 class maxVal raised: 3+ 2

# Typical Expression

ZnEasy client

```
url: 'http://bugs.pharo.org/issues/name/', text asString;
```

```
get;
```

```
response.
```

# Some basic objects

- ✦ String: 'a string'
- ✦ Symbole (unique String): #aSymbol
- ✦ Character: \$A
- ✦ Array: #(1 2 3) { 1 . 2 . 3}
- ✦ OrderedCollection: OrderedCollection new add: 35;  
add: 45; yourself
- ✦ Set: Set new add: 1; add: 2; yourself

# yourself?

Set new add: 1; add: 2; yourself

✦ is equivalent to

| s |

s := Set new.

s add: 1; add: 2.

s

# Block: Lambda Expressions

`[ :x | x + 2 ] value: 5`

`-> 7`

- ✦ anonymous method
- ✦ `[]`
- ✦ `:x` is the block arguments

# Blocks can be stored

| b |

b := [ :x | x + 2 ].

b value: 5

-> 7

b value: 33

-> 35

# Conditionals: ifTrue:ifFalse:

- ✦ Booleans are objects
- ✦ Conditional are messages sent to booleans or block

```
initialAnswer := fullName isEmptyOrNil
```

```
  ifTrue: ['FirstnameLastname' translated]
```

```
  ifFalse: [fullName].
```

ifTrue:

forceTalicOrOblique

self slantValue = 0 ifTrue: [ slantValue := 1 ]

# ifFalse:ifTrue:

```
index = 0
```

```
ifFalse: [values at: index]
```

```
ifTrue: [self privateAt: key put: aBlock value]
```

# isEmpty:

```
(myProtocol
```

```
    isEmpty: ['As yet unclassified']
```

```
self listItems
```

```
    ifNotEmpty: [ :aList | aList at: currentIndex ]
```

# (...) vs. []

- ✦ Use [] when you do not know how many time it is executed.
- ✦ (x isNil) ifTrue: [ .... ]

# Some loops

- ✦ 4 times `Repeat: [ self doSomething ]`
- ✦ `0 to: 100 [:i | ...]`
- ✦ `0 to: 100 by: 3 [:i | ...]`
- ✦ `aCol do: [:each | ...]`

# Some loops: to:by:do:

```
| sum |
```

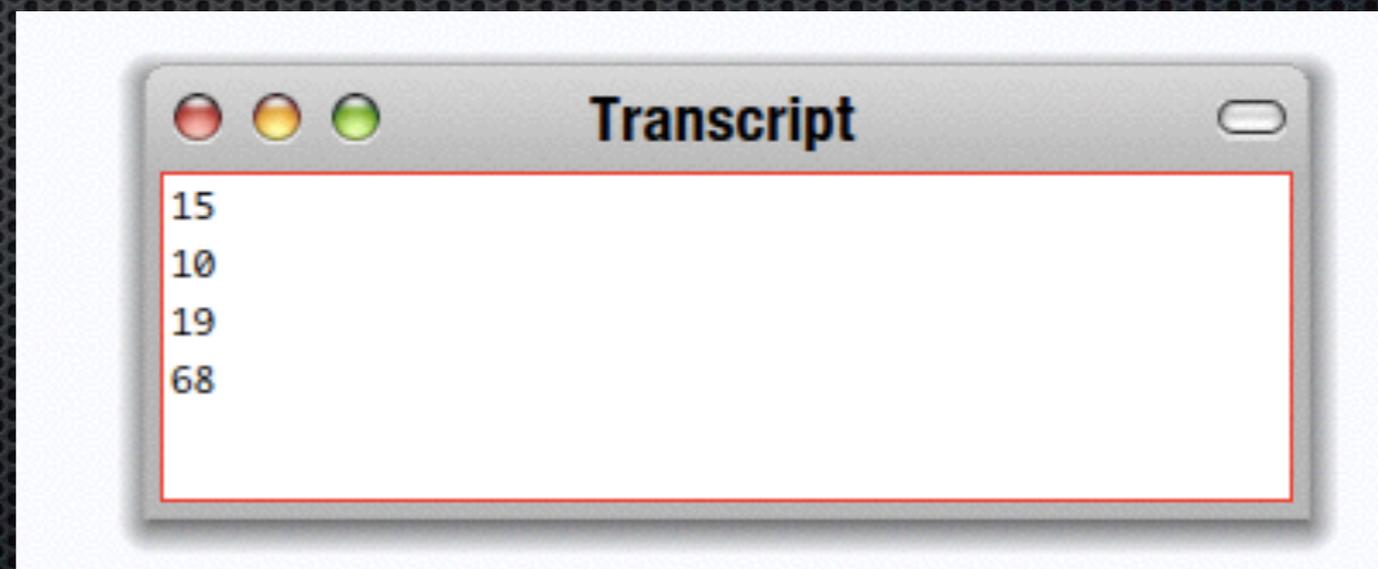
```
0 to: 100 by: 3 [:i | sum = sum + i]
```

```
#(15 10 19 68) do:
```

```
[:i | Transcript show: i ; cr ]
```

```
#(15 10 19 68) do:
```

```
[:i | Transcript show: i ; cr ]
```



#(2 -3 4 -35 4) **collect:** [ :each| each abs]

```
#(2 -3 4 -35 4) collect: [ :each| each abs]
```

```
> #(2 3 4 35 4)
```

# Defining a method

- $(2@3) \leq (5@6)$

$\leq$  aPoint

"Answer whether the receiver is neither below nor to the right of aPoint."

$\wedge x \leq \text{aPoint } x \text{ and: } [y \leq \text{aPoint } y]$

# Class definition

Object subclass: #Point

instanceVariableNames: 'x y'

classVariableNames: ''

category: 'Graphics-Primitives'

# Conclusion

- ✦ Messages (unary, binary, keywords)
- ✦ Blocks
- ✦ Methods are named blocks