Advanced Object-Oriented Design

About Registration

When class method-based registration is too much

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Goal

- Thinking about system dynamics
- Alternatives to class methods as registration mechanism
- Impact of dynamic registration

Using class methods as registration

- Class is a real object
- We can send a message to a class
- Each class can answer specifically

Object allSubclasses collect: [:each | each foo]

Each class will be able

- to define its own foo method and
- to reuse the one of its superclass

Remember the previous lectures

```
PillarParser >> documentClasses
^ DocumentItem allSubclasses
sorted: [ :class1 :class2 | class1 priority < class2 priority ]
```

```
PillarParser >> parse: line
self documentClasses
detect: [:subclass |
(subclass canParse: line)
ifTrue: [ ^ subclass newFromLine: line ] ]
```



Registration for 'Free'

Pros:

Each time a new class is loaded it is taken into account

Cons:

- We do it all the time for nothing
- We are querying the system for nothing!
- It is expensive

Solution 1: Explicit static list

```
PillarParser >> documentClasses
   ^ { Section . List . Paragraph }
   sorted: [:class1 :class2 | class1 priority < class2 priority ]</pre>
```



Statically sorting the list

In fact we could precompute priority too

```
PillarParser >> documentClasses
^ { Section . Paragraph . List }
```

Pros:

Do not have to query all the classes all the time

Cons:

- You have to keep it up to date
- Watch out because we may not want to list explicitly class to avoid dependencies to other packages

Solution 2: Explicit registration mechanism

E.g., classes can explicit register to the parser

Section class >> initialize PillarParser registerClass: self

List class >> initialize
PillarParser registerClass: self

PillarParser >> documentClasses
^ RegisteredClasses

- No need to maintain the list manually
- Dynamic but do not force to query the system all the time

A registration mechanism supports extension

Extra class >> initialize PillarParser registerClass: self

- External classes can also register
- Without introducing unwanted dependency
- Without scanning all the classes of the system

Unregistration

With explicit registration, the unregistration can be also a concern.

- The registration holder (here PillarParser) should offer way to retract a registration
- Registered classes have the responsibility to unregister themselves.

Conclusion

- XXX subclasses is a cool pattern
- But it has a cost!
- Better use an explicit registration
 - o it is dynamic but does not query for nothing
- Design is about tradeoffs

A course by

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