Advanced Object-Oriented Design

About Null Check

The case of lazy initialization

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Goals

- Think about object initialization
- Present Lazy Initialization
- Complement to 'Avoid Nil' Lectures

Problem

- Need to reduce startup time
- How can we do less at the beginning?
- Sometimes you do not want to be forced to initialize all the state at instance creation time

Solution

- Only perform initialization if the state is used
- Delay initialization until needed

Lazy initialization

- Let nil value in instance variable
- Do not initialize instance variable at instantiation time
- Do not expose instance variable nil
 - Do not access instance variable directly
- Only access instance variable via a lazy accessor

Lazy accessor

MyObject >> x
^ x ifNil: [x := 0]

Example of Lazy Initialization

You defer the initialization of the variable to its first use

 This is only when the method descent is executed that cachedDescent will be initialized

Solution: Use Lazy Initialization when Necessary

- Defer initialization and caches the result
- Pay attention you should NOT access directly an instance variable used in a lazy setting
- You should always use the lazy accessor
- Else you expose to nil value and will force client to check

Pros/Cons

• Lazy initialization trade execution at instance creation time for a check at each execution (ifNil:)

Conclusion

- · Lazy initialization is another tool at hand
- Don't overuse it

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