#### **Advanced Object-Oriented Design**

# About defensive programming

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# Goal

- Thinking about spurious checks
- Dynamically-typed languages do not need explicit type checks
- Favor test



## **Preamble**

```
Object >> assert: aBlock description: aStringOrBlock
"Throw an assertion error if aBlock does not evaluates to true."

<debuggerCompleteToSender>
aBlock value
ifFalse: [ AssertionFailure signal: aStringOrBlock value ]
```

- assert:description: is checking and in addition raises and error.
- It changes the program execution

# **Defensive Example**

```
BlLayoutCommonConstraints >> padding: aBlPadding
"Change element's margin to a BlMargin. aBlPadding must not be nil."
self
assert: [aBlPadding isNotNil]
description: ['Padding must not be nil'].

padding := aBlPadding
```

# **Drawbacks of the approach**

- Runtime cost
- Assertions can be optional so we should not consider that they are executed.
- Assertions can be a good help to track problems and stabilize

# **Defensive Example 2**

# BlLayoutCommonConstraints >> padding: aBlPadding

"Change element's margin to a BlMargin. aBlPadding must not be nil."

aBlPadding isNil

ifTrue: [ 'Padding must not be nil'].

padding := aBlPadding

- What is the goal here? That padding does not break
- But I can still write x padding: aJunkObject
- So the test is not good and worth

#### **Better setter**

#### BlLayoutCommonConstraints >> padding: aBlPadding

"Change element's margin to a BlMargin. aBlPadding must not be nil."

padding := aBlPadding

# **Defensive Example 3**

#### BlEvent >> source

"Return an event target that plays a role of a source of this event"

self

assert: [ self hasSource ]

description: [ 'Can not access a source if there is no one' ].

^ source

- Assertions are conceptually optional
- Tell look like leftover from debugging

# **Defensive Example Alternative 2**

#### BlEvent >> source

"Return an event target that plays a role of a source of this event"

#### self hasSource

ifFalse: [ self error: 'Can not access a source if there is no one' ].

^ source

- We could catch the error if needed.
- At least the reader knows that there is a check for real
- Now would be better to have a well initialized source

# **About explicit type checks**

## BlLayoutCommonConstraints >> padding: aBlPadding

"Change element's margin to a BlMargin. aBlPadding must not be nil."

```
(aBlPadding isKindOf: BlPadding) ifTrue: [ self error ].
```

padding := aBlPadding

- It is slow
- It prevents to pass polymorphic objects

## **Conclusion**

- Avoid optional checks that are only for debugging purpose
- Avoid explicit type-checks
- Favor tests



#### A course by

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