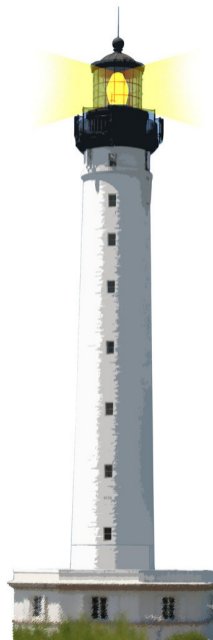


Conditionals to dispatch

A simple case

S. Ducasse



Goals

- Think about messages
- Eliminate condition for message
- Understand double dispatch will make you understand message passing!
- Another example of **Don't Ask, Tell**



About train prices

```
testPriceOfPersonInFirstClass
```

```
  self
```

```
    assert: (FirstClassTrainTicket new priceFor: Person new)
```

```
    equals: 100
```

FirstClassTrainTicket

```
FirstClassTrainTicket >> priceFor: aPerson  
  ^ 100
```



Adding kids

```
testPriceOfChildInFirstClass
```

```
  self
```

```
    assert: (TrainTicketFirstClass new priceFor: Child new)
```

```
    equals: 45
```

```
FirstClassTrainTicket >> priceFor: aPerson
```

```
  | pClass |
```

```
  pClass := aPerson class.
```

```
  ^ pClass = Child
```

```
    ifTrue: [ 45 ]
```

```
    ifFalse: [ 100 ]
```



Introducing Granny prices

```
testPriceOfGranmaInFirstClass
```

```
  self
```

```
    assert: (FirstClassTrainTicket new priceFor: Granny new)
```

```
    equals: 55
```

FirstClassTrainTicket

```
priceFor: aPerson
```

```
| pClass |
```

```
pClass := aPerson class.
```

```
^ pClass = Granny
```

```
  ifTrue: [ 55 ]
```

```
  ifFalse: [
```

```
    pClass = Child
```

```
      ifTrue: [ 45 ]
```

```
      ifFalse: [ 100 ] ]
```

Entering second class tickets

```
testPriceOfChildSecond
```

```
self.assert: (SecondClassTrainTicket new priceFor: Child new) equals: 35
```

```
testPriceOfGranmaSecond
```

```
self.assert: (SecondClassTrainTicket new priceFor: Granny new) equals: 45
```


Entering second class tickets

```
SecondClassTrainTicket >> priceFor: aPerson
```

```
| pClass |  
pClass := aPerson class.  
^ pClass = Granny  
  ifTrue: [ 45 ]  
  ifFalse: [  
    pClass = Child  
      ifTrue: [ 35 ]  
      ifFalse: [ 80 ] ]
```



Well....

And

- Dog
- Bicycle
- Couple
- Sky, windsurf

And third class...



We can do better

Propose a solution without any test!



Let us get started

```
TrainTicketFirstClass >> priceFor: aPerson
```

```
^ ...
```

```
Person >> priceForFirstClass
```

```
^ 100
```

```
Child >> priceForFirstClass
```

```
^ 45
```



Let us get started

```
FirstClassTrainTicket >> priceFor: aPerson  
  ^ aPerson priceForFirstClass
```

```
Person >> priceForFirstClass  
  ^ 100
```

```
Child >> priceForFirstClass  
  ^ 45
```

```
Granny >> priceForFirstClass  
  ^ 55
```

Let us get started

```
SecondClassTrainTicket >> priceFor: aPerson  
  ^ aPerson priceForSecondClass
```

```
Person >> priceForSecondClass  
  ^ 100
```

```
Child >> priceForSecond  
  ^ 35
```

```
Child >> priceForSecond  
  ^ 45
```

Adding Bicycle... easy

```
Bicycle >> priceForFirstClass  
^ 70
```

```
Bicycle >> priceForSecond  
^ 40
```



Adding WindSurf... easy

```
WindSurf >> priceForFirstClass  
^ 65
```

```
WindSurf >> priceForSecond  
^ 40
```


Analysis

- No need to get complex conditionals more complex
- Modular: no need to touch existing code!
- No questions! Just orders
- Don't ask, tell

Conclusion

Messages support

- Modular
- Extensible design



A course by

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